

*2023 Beef Improvement Federation Symposium
July 3-6 • Calgary, Alberta, Canada • Hyatt Regency Calgary*

Precision Matching of Objectives and Technologies in the Implementation of Breeding Programs

Brian Kinghorn^{1,2} and Sandy Kinghorn²

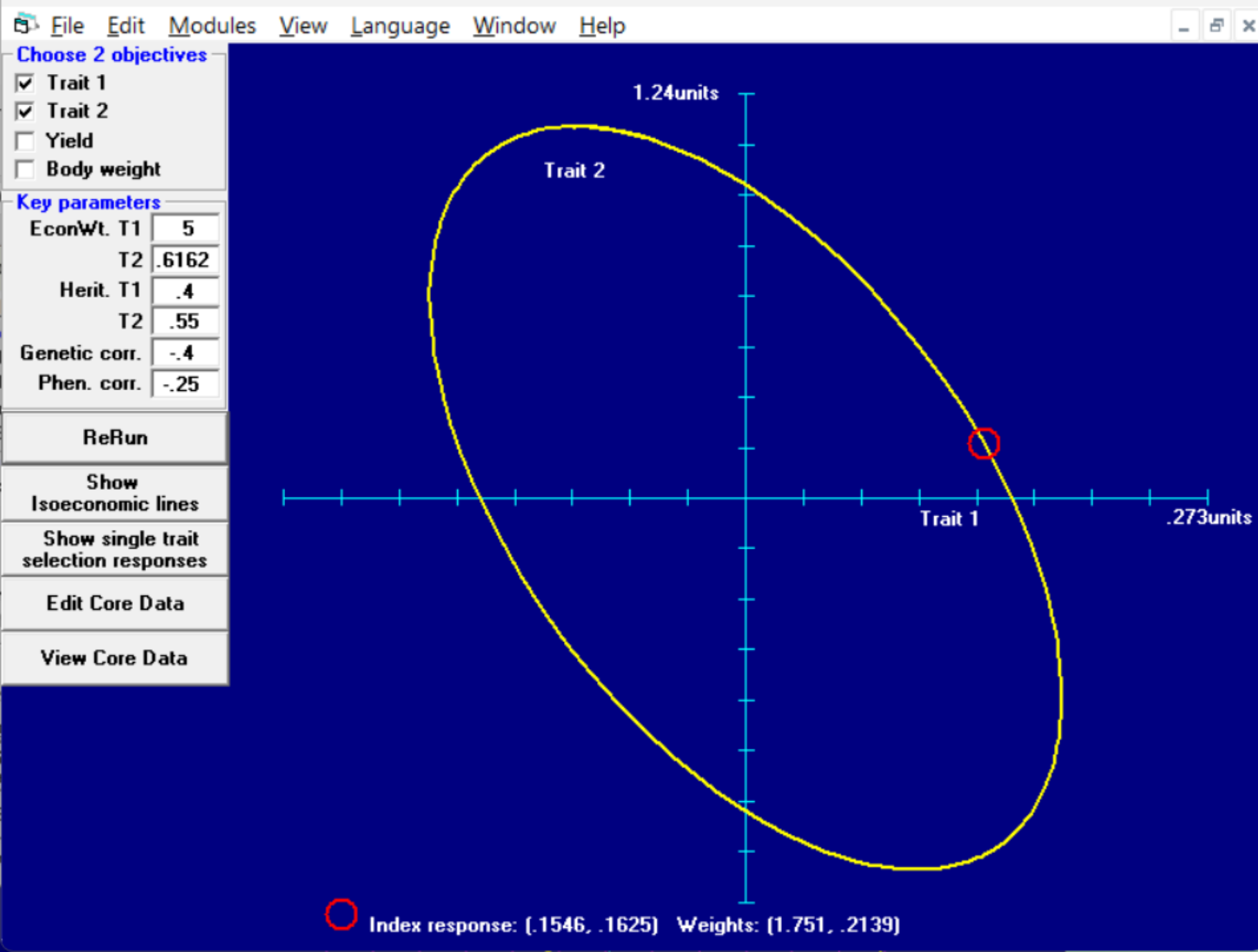
¹ *University of New England, Australia*

² *MateSel, Australia*

We need *precision* in these key questions ...

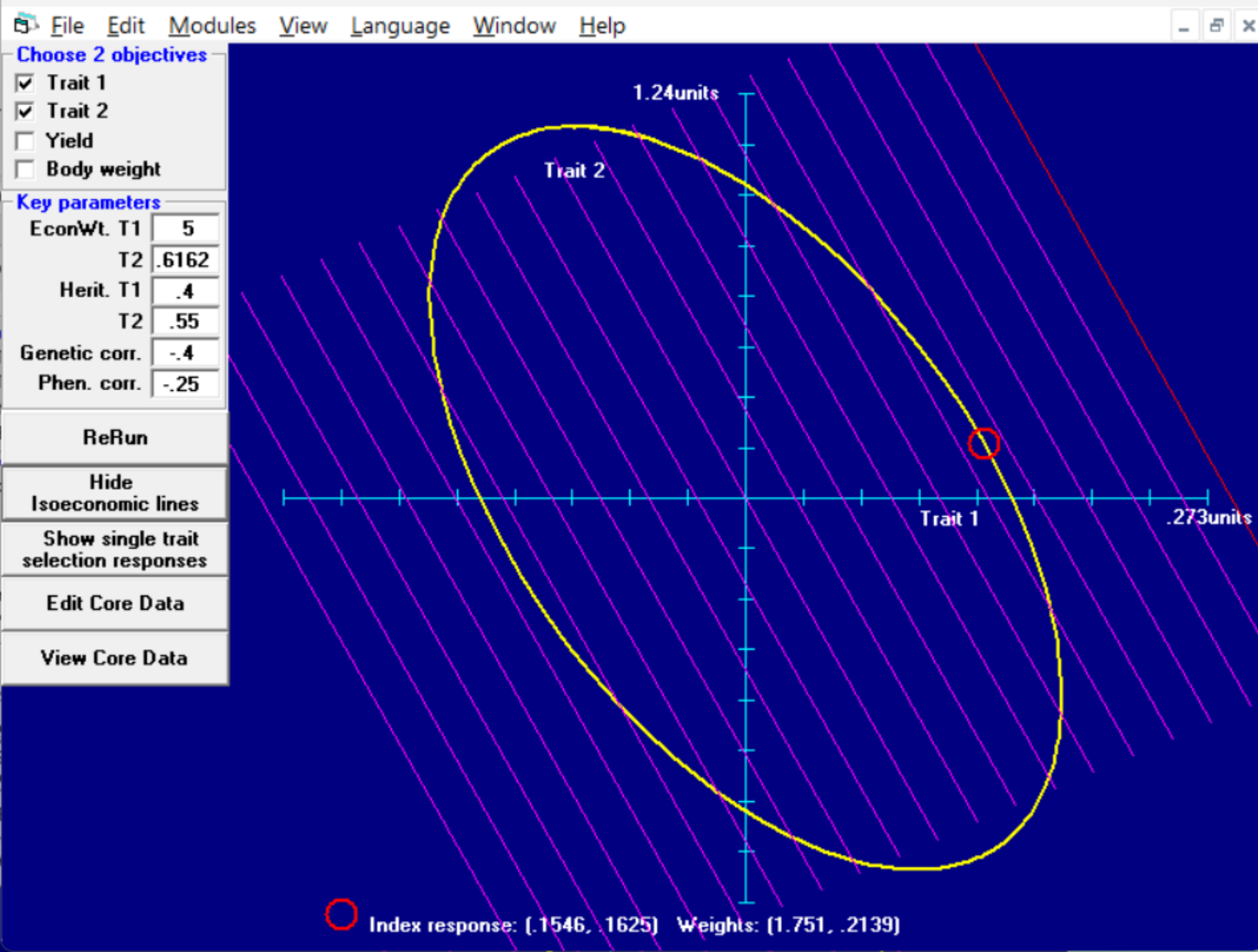


- Where to go ? ... Objectives
- How to get there ? ... Technologies
- How to get back ?



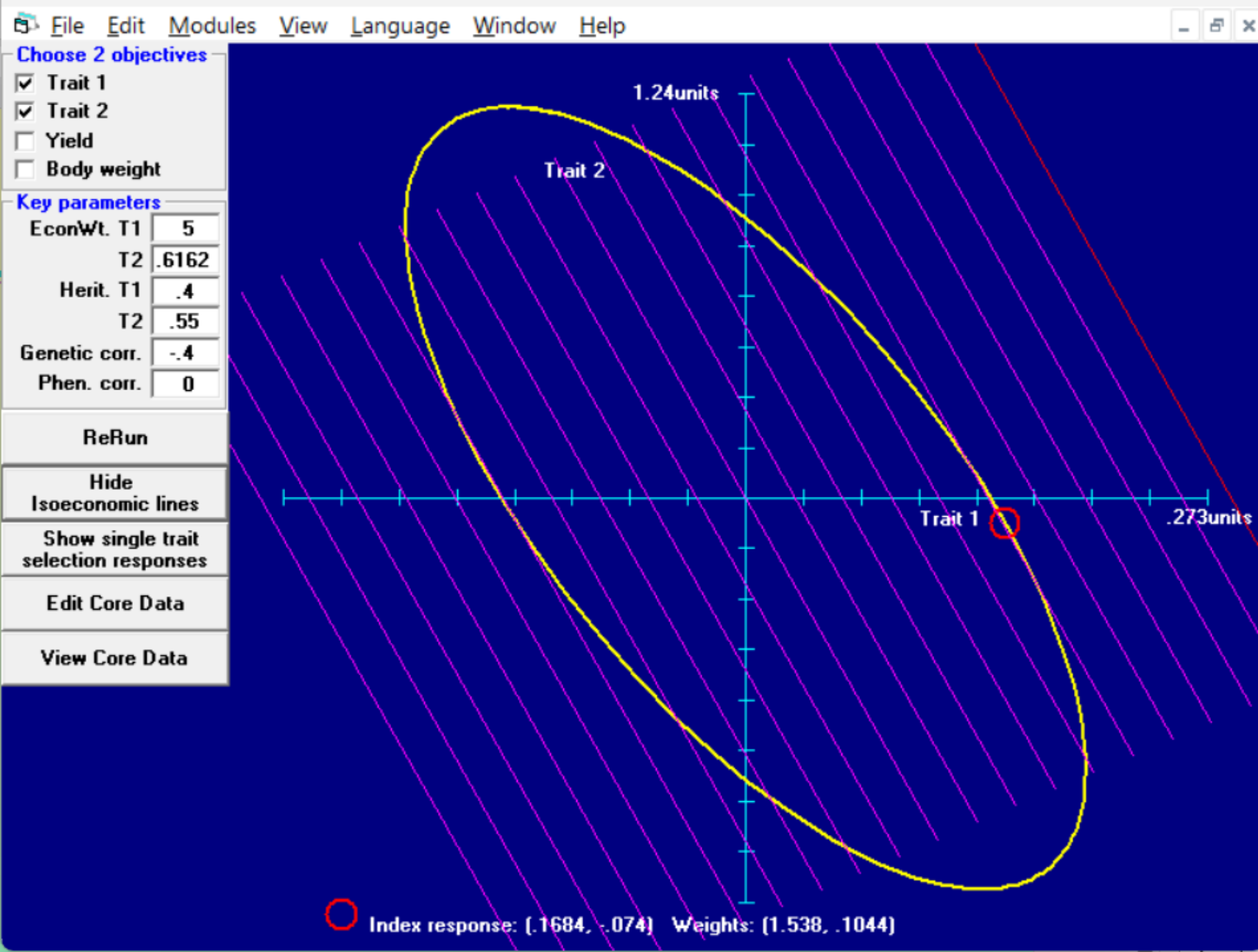
Where to go

Just one example



Where to go

Just one example



Where to go

Just one example

Animal Breeding questions ...

- **Where to go ?** **Explore different directions** – different emphasis on each trait or genetic marker, different emphasis on diversity/inbreeding, different patterns of mating constraints, different patterns of use of AI & IVF, etc.
- **How to get there ?** **Be precise** – use all available information on EBVs/EPDs, genomic/pedigree relationships, animal locations, logistical constraints, costs etc. in a balanced manner to best target the chosen direction.

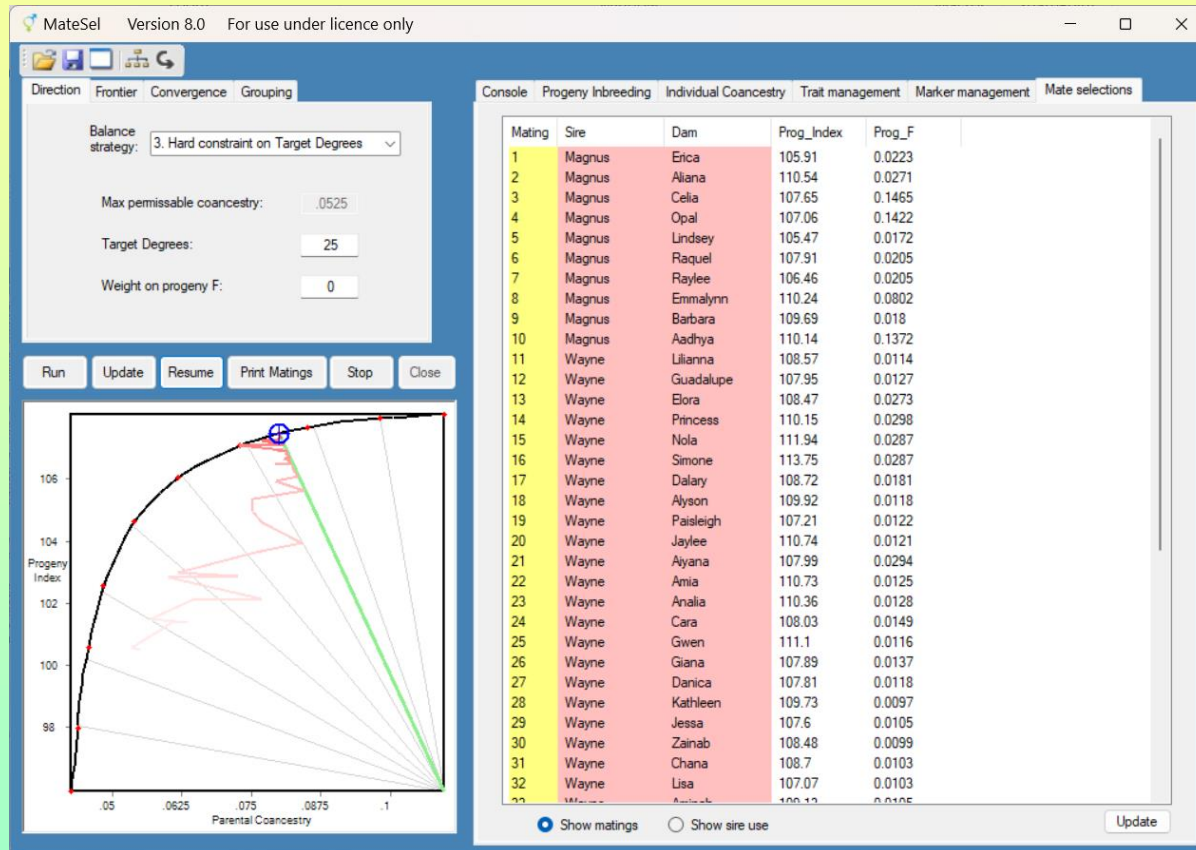
Technical requirements

1. The breeder should have '**ownership**' of the result. This brings **relevance**.
 - a fancy computer tool is of little value if it is not **relevant** to the needs of the breeder.
2. The breeder needs power to target **a wide range of possible outcomes**.
 - As simple as possible
 - As complex as necessary

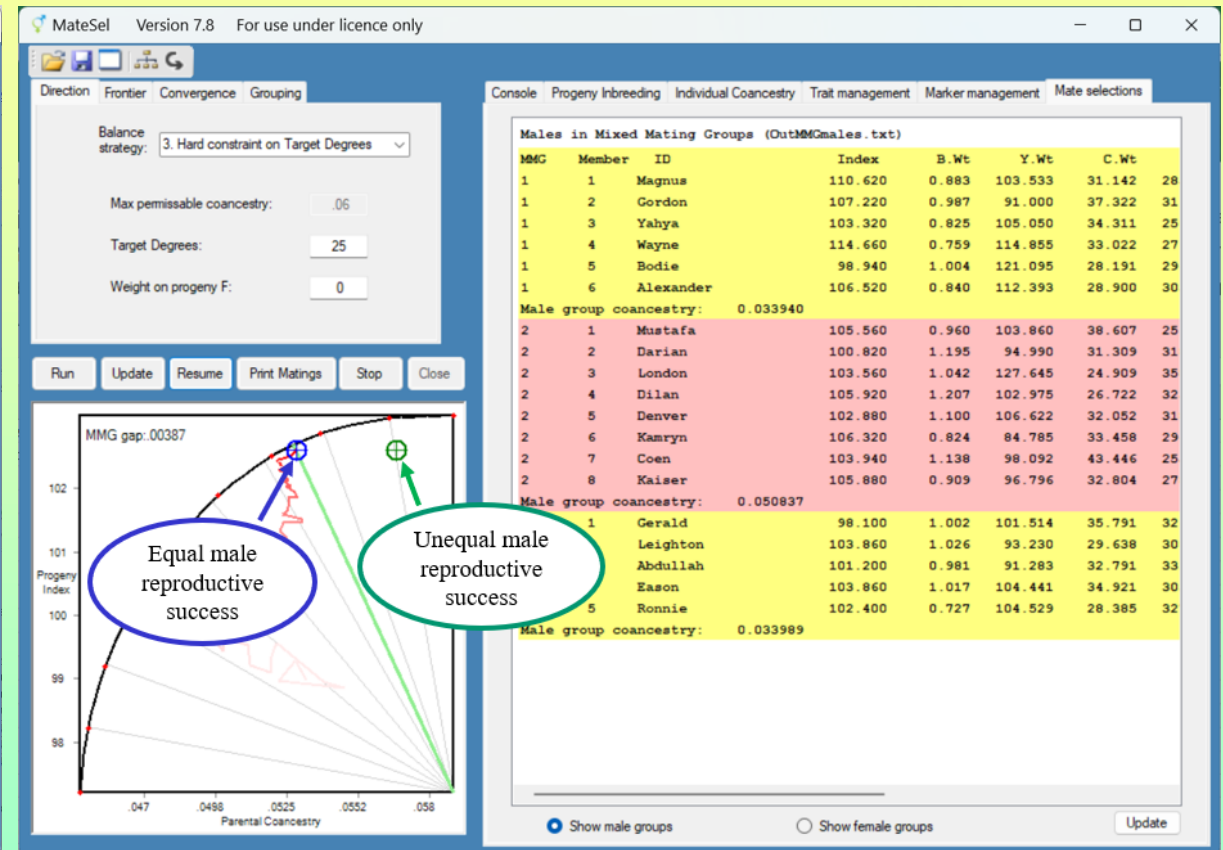
Example illustrations of MateSel features



Basic operations: Single-sire mating vs. Multi-sire mating



Single-sire matings. You can dictate the range in number of females per bull



Multi-sire mating groups. Male syndicate groups only shown in this screenshot.



Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

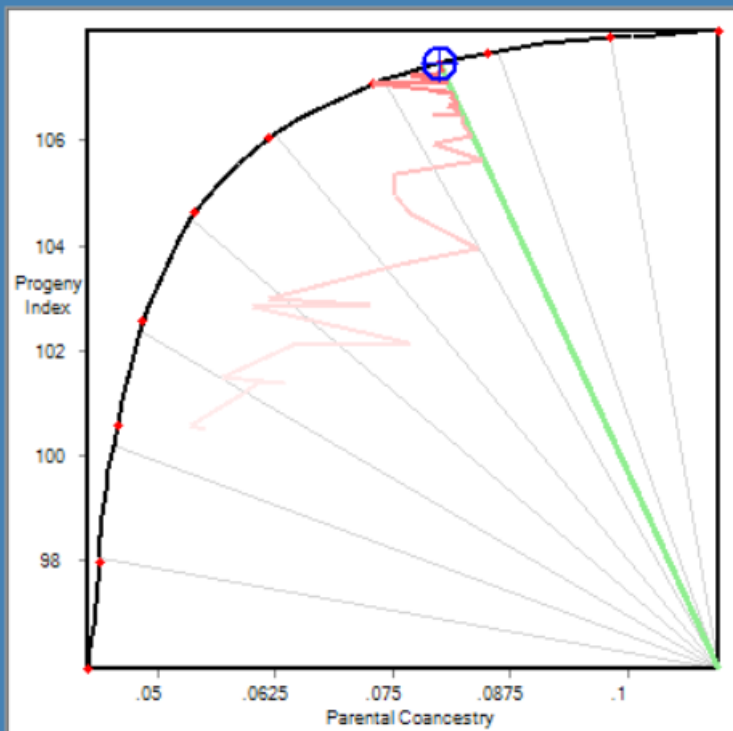
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections

Mating	Sire	Dam	Prog_Index	Prog_F
1	Magnus	Lilianna	106.55	0.0266
2	Magnus	Meadow	106.28	0.1418
3	Magnus	Paisleigh	105.19	0.027
4	Magnus	Celia	107.65	0.1465
5	Magnus	Opal	107.06	0.1422
6	Magnus	Gwen	109.08	0.0248
7	Magnus	Sariyah	106.71	0.1422
8	Magnus	Chana	106.68	0.0256
9	Magnus	Lisa	105.05	0.0256
10	Magnus	Barbara	109.69	0.018
11	Wayne	Guadalupe	107.95	0.0127
12	Wayne	Elora	108.47	0.0273
13	Wayne	Clementine	107.8	0.0323
14	Wayne	Nola	111.94	0.0287
15	Wayne	Lina	106.93	0.0099
16	Wayne	Erica	107.93	0.0111
17	Wayne	Aliana	112.56	0.0116
18	Wayne	Alyson	109.92	0.0118
19	Wayne	Jaylee	110.74	0.0121
20	Wayne	Frankiee	108.74	0.0143
21	Wayne	Amia	110.73	0.0125
22	Wayne	Hadlee	108.17	0.0294
23	Wayne	Giana	107.89	0.0137
24	Wayne	Danica	107.81	0.0118
25	Wayne	Harleigh	108.44	0.0105
26	Wayne	Raquel	109.93	0.0099
27	Wayne	Raylee	108.48	0.0099
28	Wayne	Aminah	109.13	0.0105
29	Wayne	Emmalynn	112.26	0.0184
30	Wayne	Patricia	108.11	0.011
31	Wayne	Avalyn	107.88	0.0213
32	Wayne	Jana	107.52	0.032
33	Wayne	Audrey	112.16	0.0177

Show matings Show sire use

Update



Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

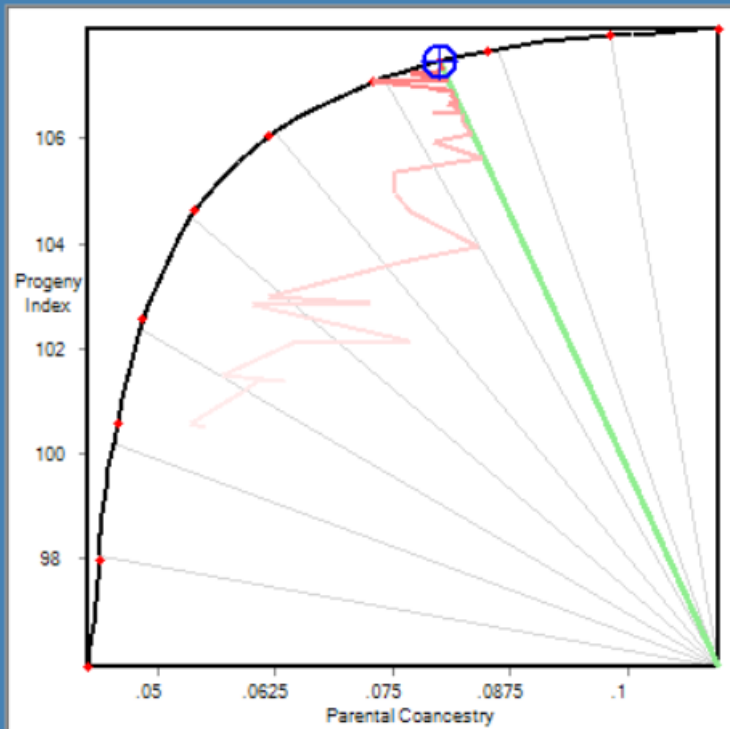
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections

Females i...	Index	CoanCand	CoanSel	GrandSire	AbsMin	Min	Max	< Uses
Wayne	114.66	0.0241	0.1438	Gannon	0	0	25	25
Magnus	110.62	0.0564	0.1	Cassius	0	0	25	10
Gordon	107.22	0.0547	0.067	Rodney	0	0	25	6
Alexander	106.52	0.0468	0.0618	Rodney	0	0	25	4
Mustafa	105.56	0.0542	0.045	Xzavier	0	0	25	2
Dilan	105.92	0.0567	0.0479	Zyaire	0	0	25	2
Kamryn	106.32	0.0553	0.0539	Xzavier	0	0	25	1

Show matings Show sire use

Update



Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

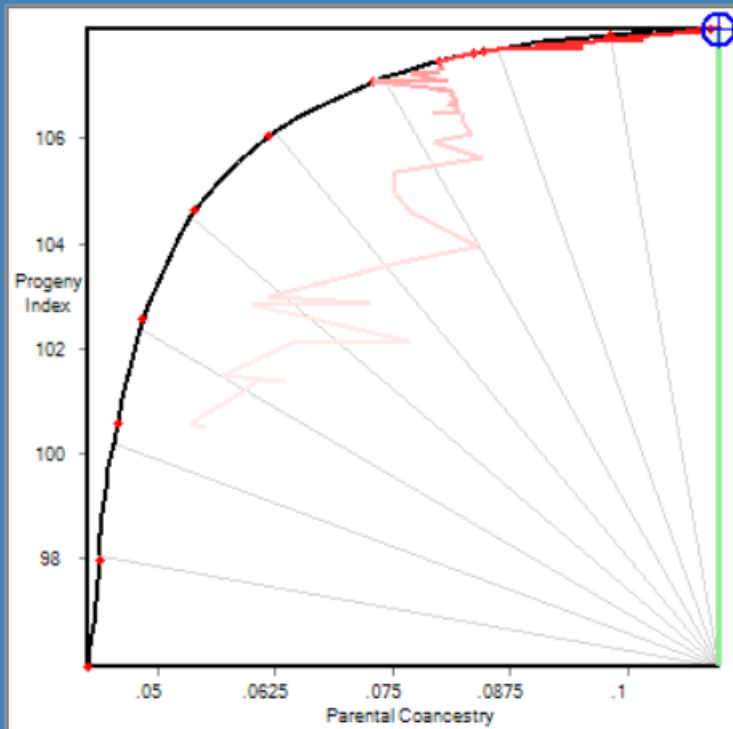
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

Target Degrees: 0

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections

Females i...	Index	CoanCand	CoanSel	GrandSire	AbsMin	Min	Max	< Uses
Magnus	110.62	0.0564	0.1757	Cassius	0	0	25	25
Wayne	114.66	0.0241	0.1469	Gannon	0	0	25	25

Show matings Show sire use

Update



Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

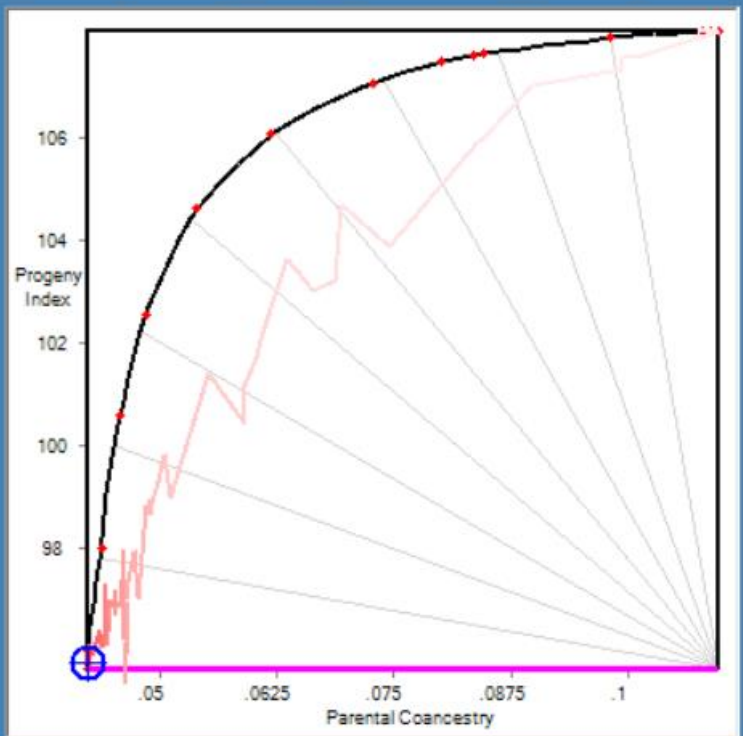
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

Target Degrees: 90

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections

Females i...	Index	CoanCand	CoanSel	GrandSire	AbsMin	Min	Max	< Uses
Jordy	83.04	0.019	0.0445	Juelz	0	0	25	6
Wayne	114.66	0.0241	0.0408	Gannon	0	0	25	4
Will	87.66	0.0344	0.0453	Cory	0	0	25	4
Darian	100.82	0.0266	0.0428	Joiah	0	0	25	3
Bodie	98.94	0.0266	0.0428	Joiah	0	0	25	3
Gibson	84.4	0.0373	0.0425	Augustine	0	0	25	3
Shiloh	89.38	0.0455	0.0445	Rey	0	0	25	2
Denver	102.88	0.0525	0.0437	Zyaire	0	0	25	2
Gerald	98.1	0.0416	0.042	Terrance	0	0	25	2
Jaziel	97.88	0.0523	0.0429	Chris	0	0	25	1
Abdullah	101.2	0.0523	0.0429	Chris	0	0	25	1
Blaze	94.54	0.0511	0.0445	Aron	0	0	25	1
Gordon	107.22	0.0547	0.0426	Rodney	0	0	25	1
London	103.56	0.0498	0.0432	Emery	0	0	25	1
Merrick	93.36	0.0437	0.0423	Chris	0	0	25	1
Ronnie	102.4	0.0492	0.0436	Keanu	0	0	25	1
Konnor	84.68	0.0512	0.045	Shiloh	0	0	25	1
Dangelo	83.6	0.0496	0.0452	Shiloh	0	0	25	1
Kamryn	106.32	0.0553	0.0434	Xzavier	0	0	25	1
Shaun	103.34	0.0562	0.0437	Xzavier	0	0	25	1
Coen	103.94	0.0556	0.0439	Felipe	0	0	25	1
Leighton	103.86	0.0542	0.044	Xzavier	0	0	25	1
Mustafa	105.56	0.0542	0.0431	Xzavier	0	0	25	1
Nova	88.8	0.0486	0.0423	Darrell	0	0	25	1
Dilan	105.92	0.0567	0.0447	Zyaire	0	0	25	1
Yahya	103.32	0.0487	0.0424	Chris	0	0	25	1
Alexander	106.52	0.0468	0.0433	Rodney	0	0	25	1
Shepard	100.2	0.0543	0.0429	Xzavier	0	0	25	1
Eason	103.86	0.0563	0.0441	Zyaire	0	0	25	1
Leroy	87.42	0.0501	0.0423	Darrell	0	0	25	1

Show matings Show sire use

Update

- Decrease variation
- Increase mean
- Decrease mean
- Increase variation
- Decrease variation
- Increase variation about optimum
- Decrease variation about optimum
- Set minimum value at boundary
- Set maximum value at boundary
- Target bimodality
- Tactical Desired Gains upwards
- Tactical Desired Gains downwards
- Tactical Desired Gains stabilising

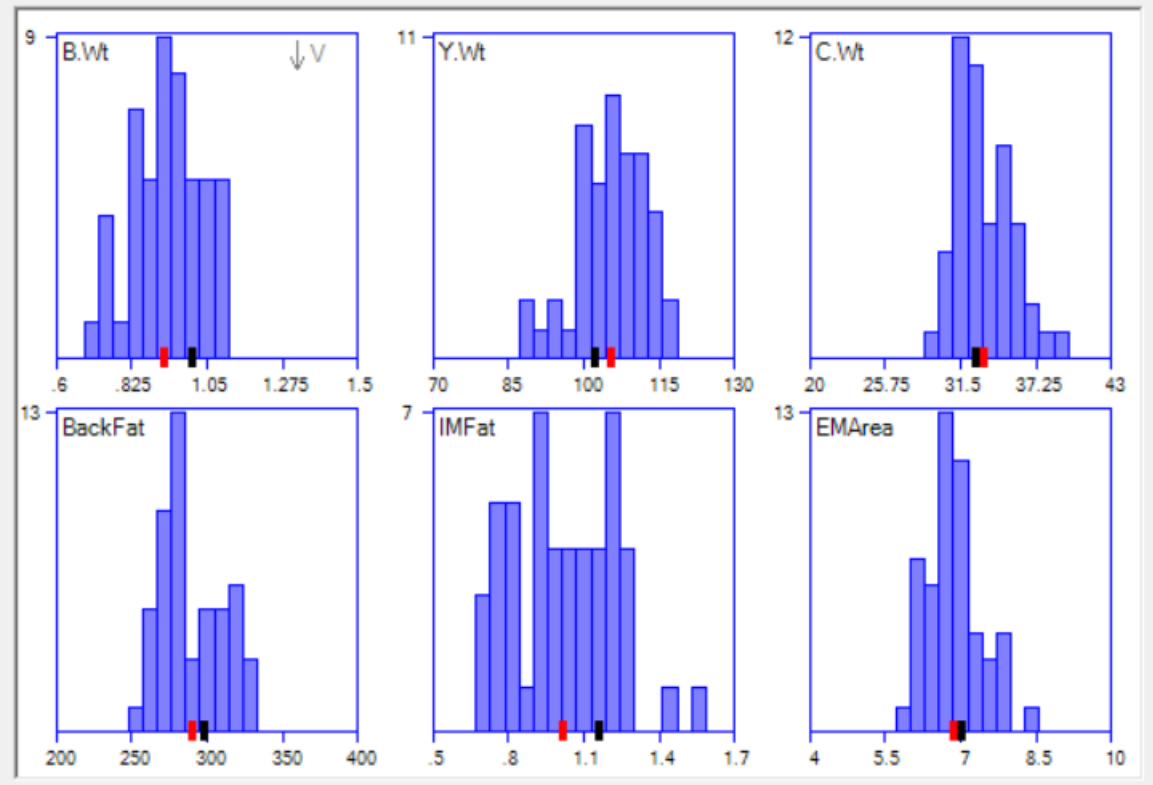
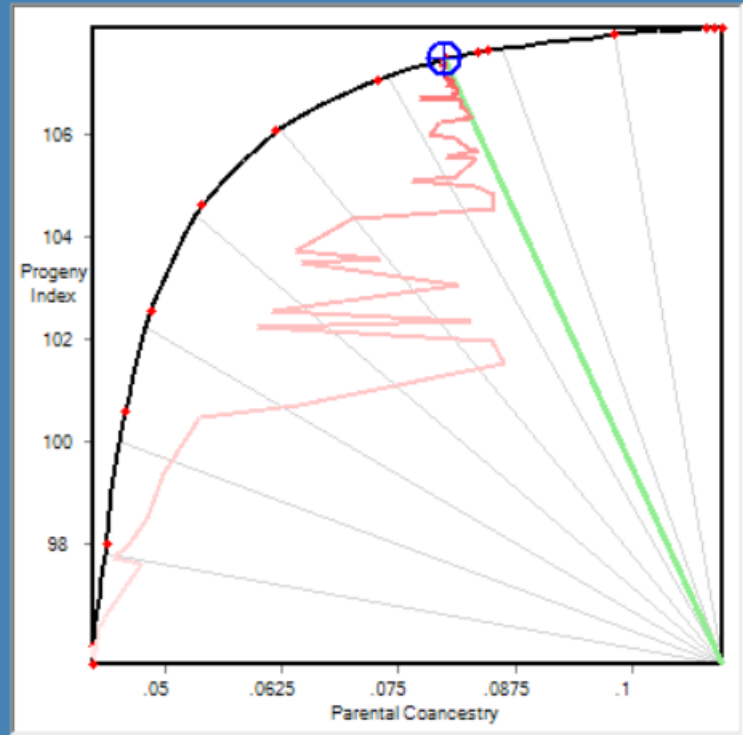
Target Degrees

.0525

25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close





Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

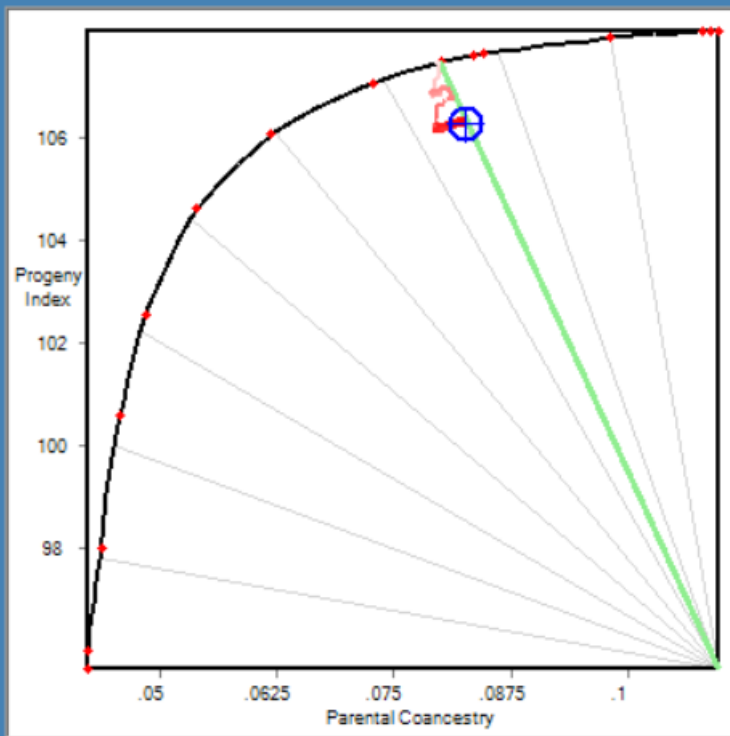
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

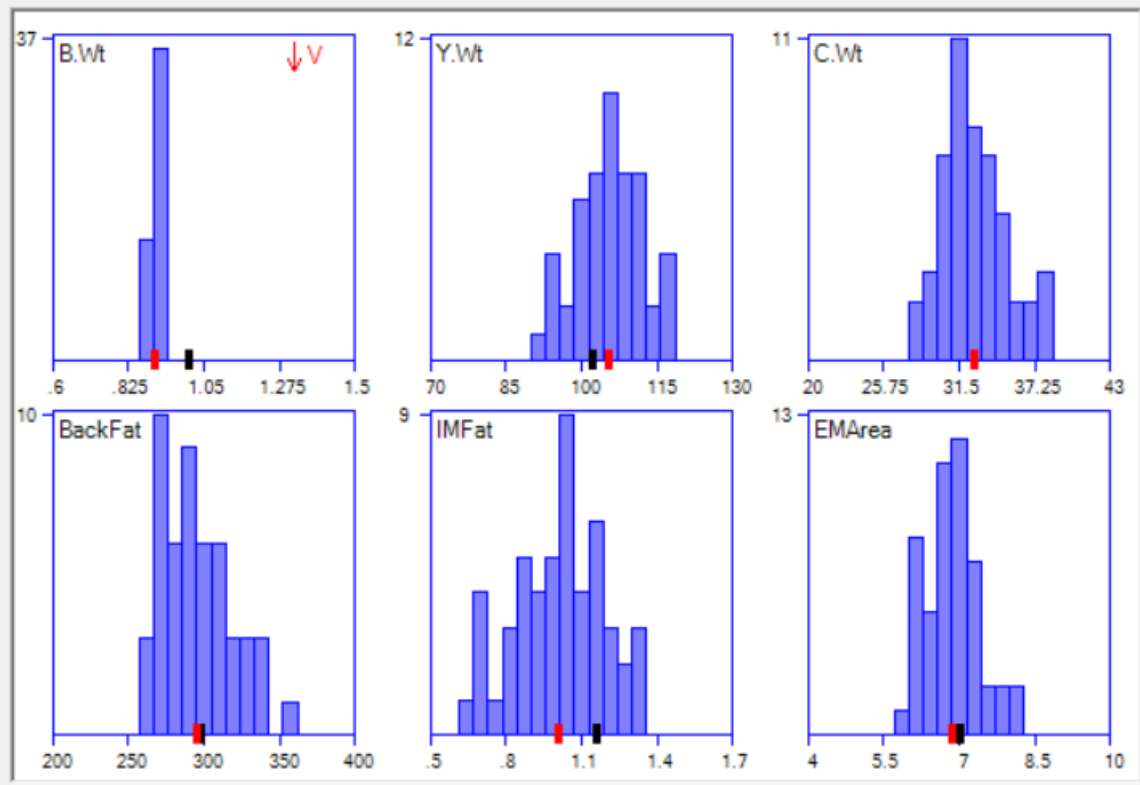
Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Resume Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections





Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

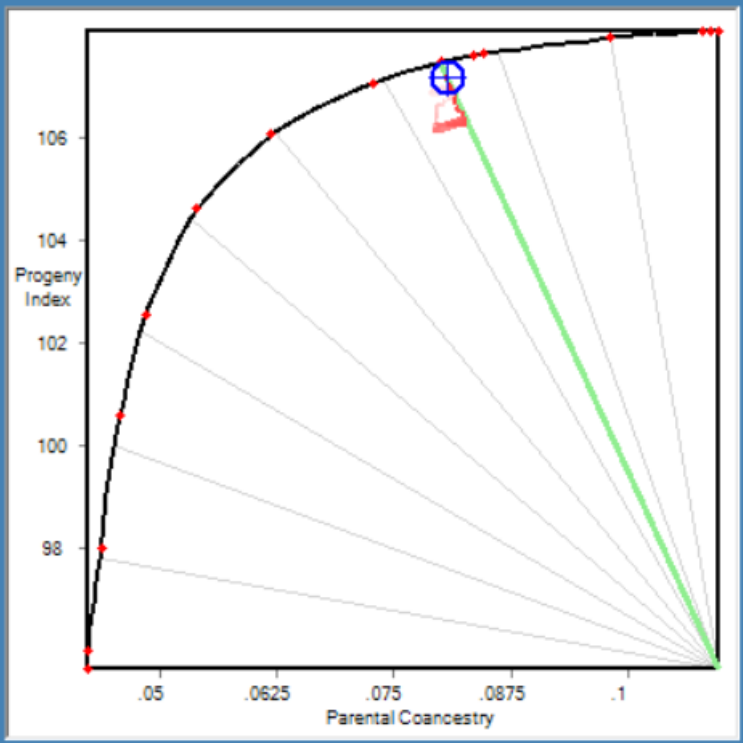
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

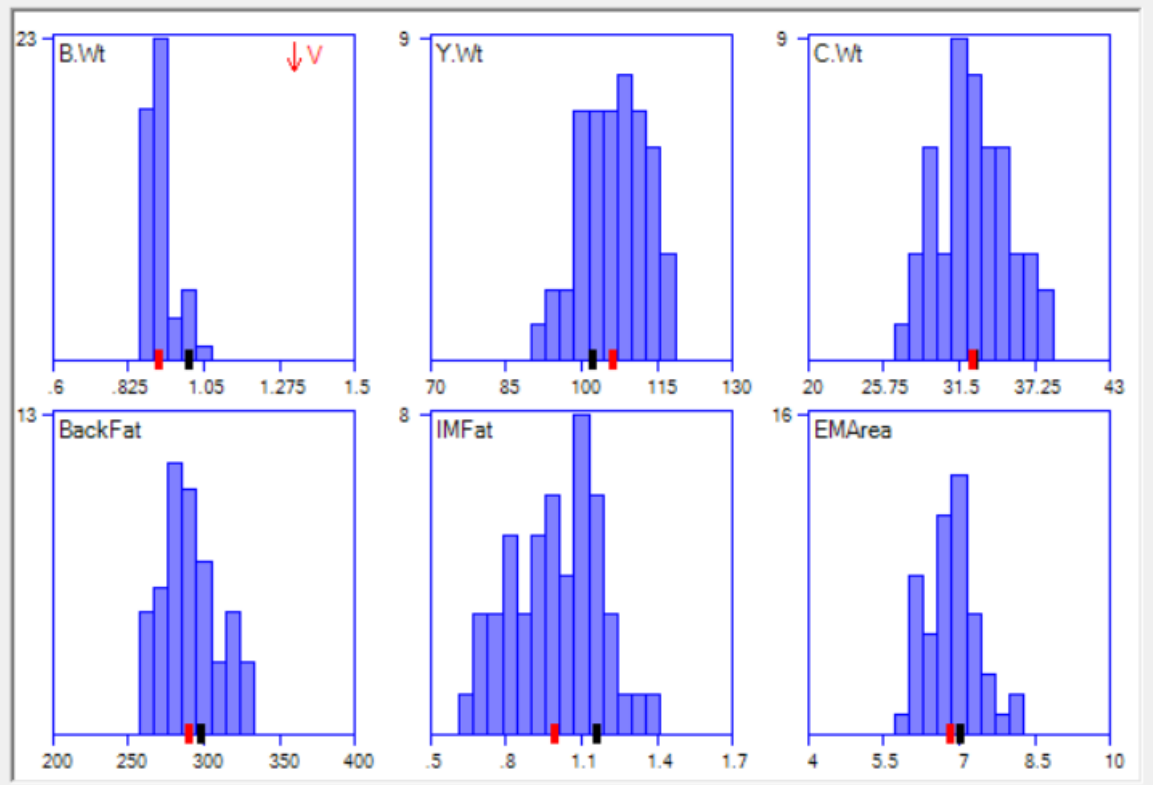
Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections



IMFat

Resume

Target bimodality

Invoke Weighting: 1

Target lower mean (Click-L): .8128

Target upper mean (Click-R): 1.172

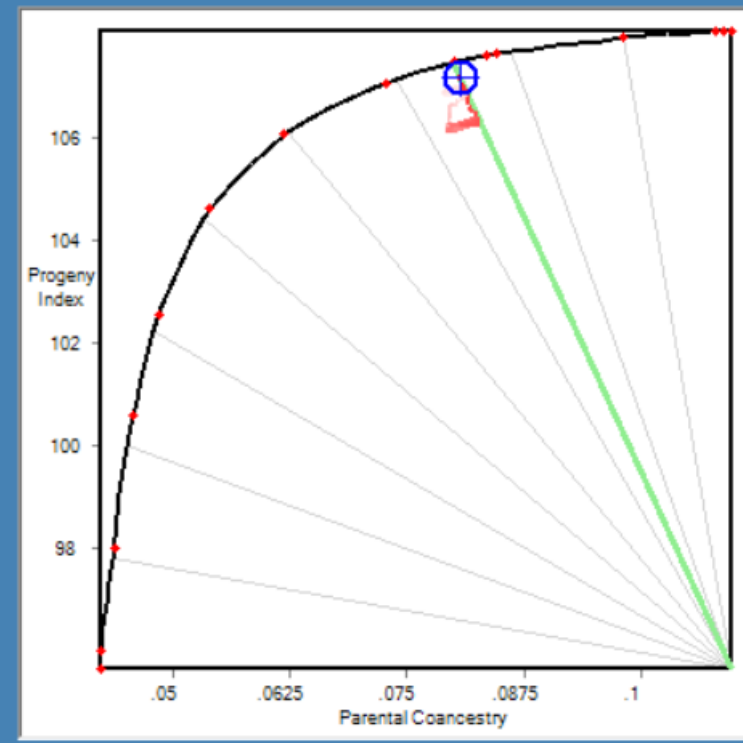
Target percent in upper group: 50

Target Degrees

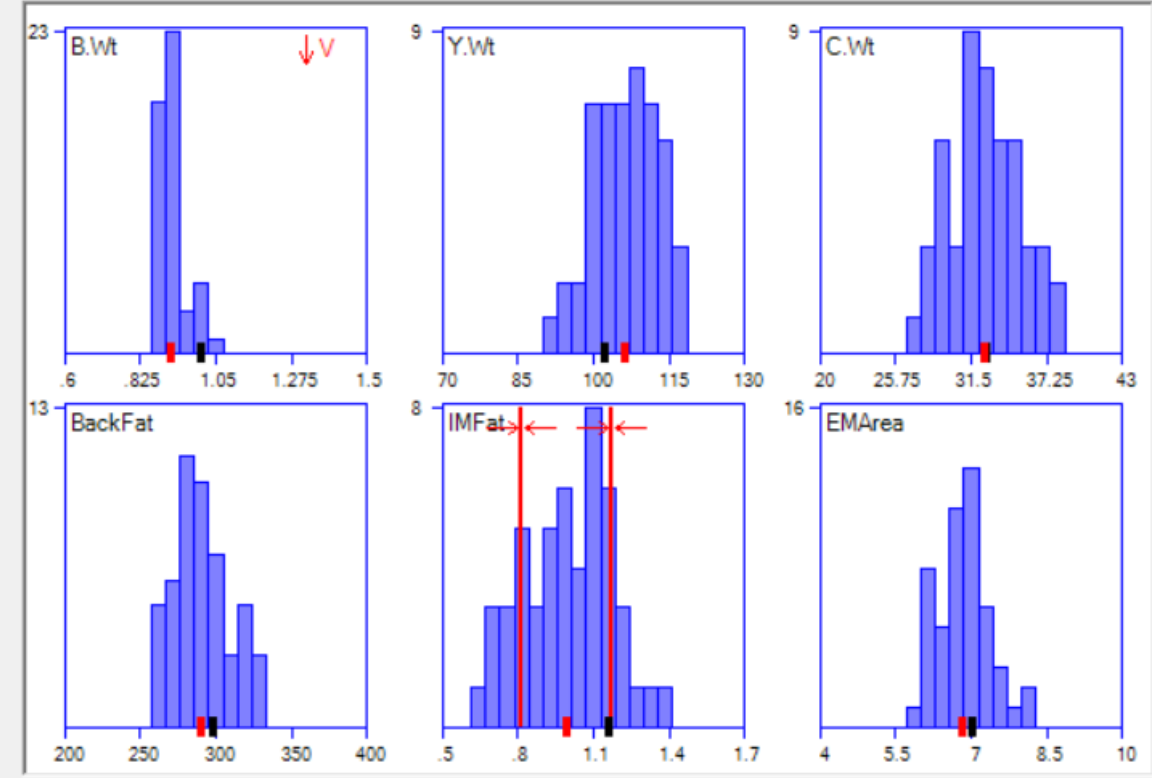
Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections





Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

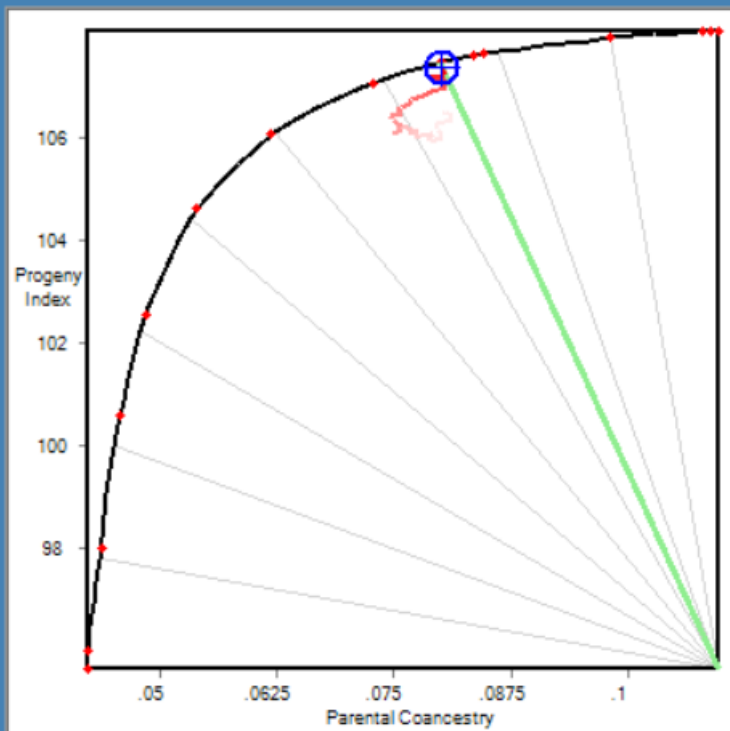
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

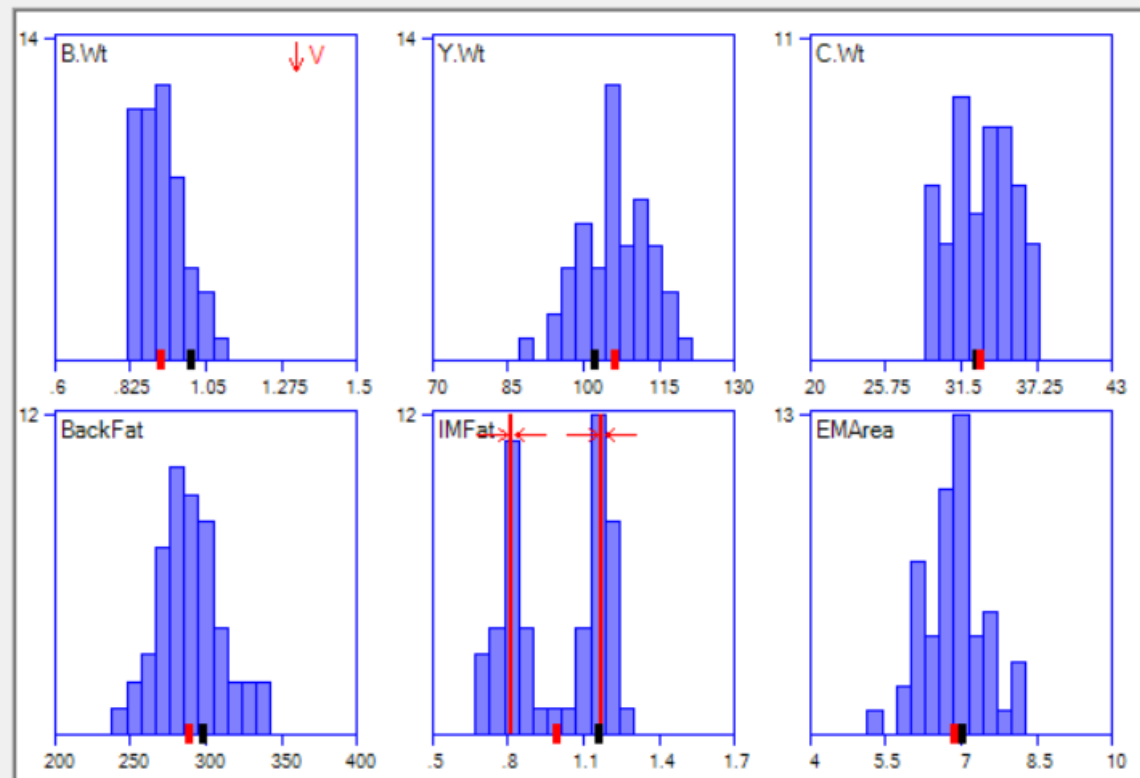
Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections



EMAarea

Resume

Tactical Desired Gains stabilising

Invoke

Weighting:

1

Target value (Click-L):

7.359

strategy:

Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry:

.0525

Target Degrees:

25

Weight on progeny F:

0

Run

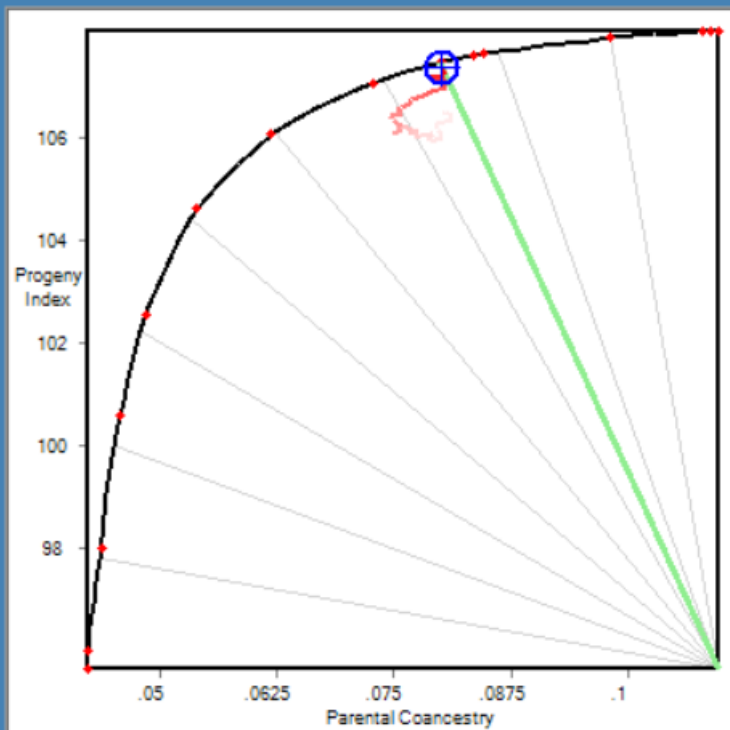
Update

Pause

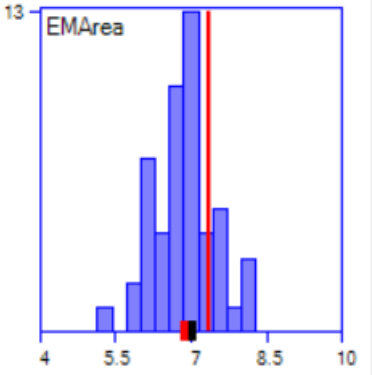
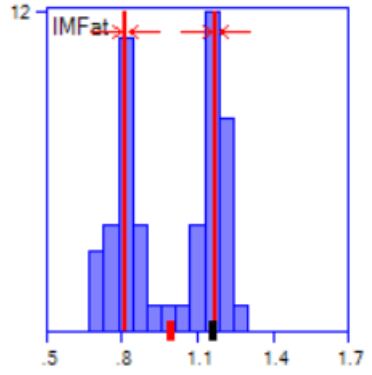
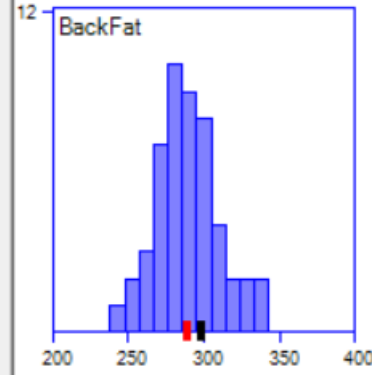
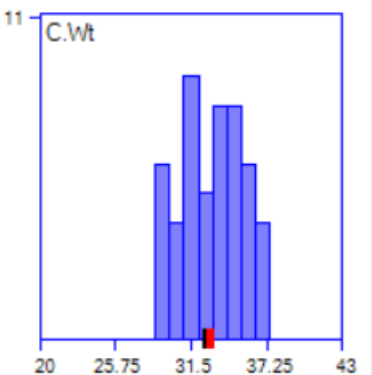
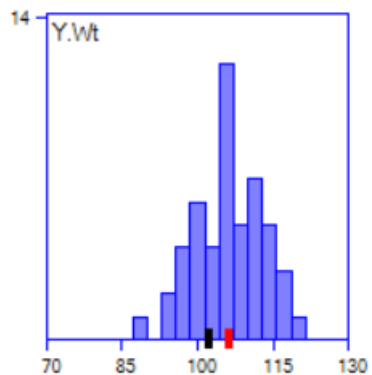
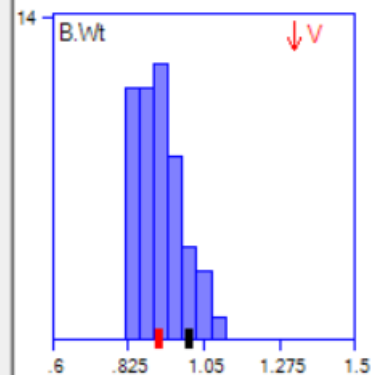
Print Matings

Stop

Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections





Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

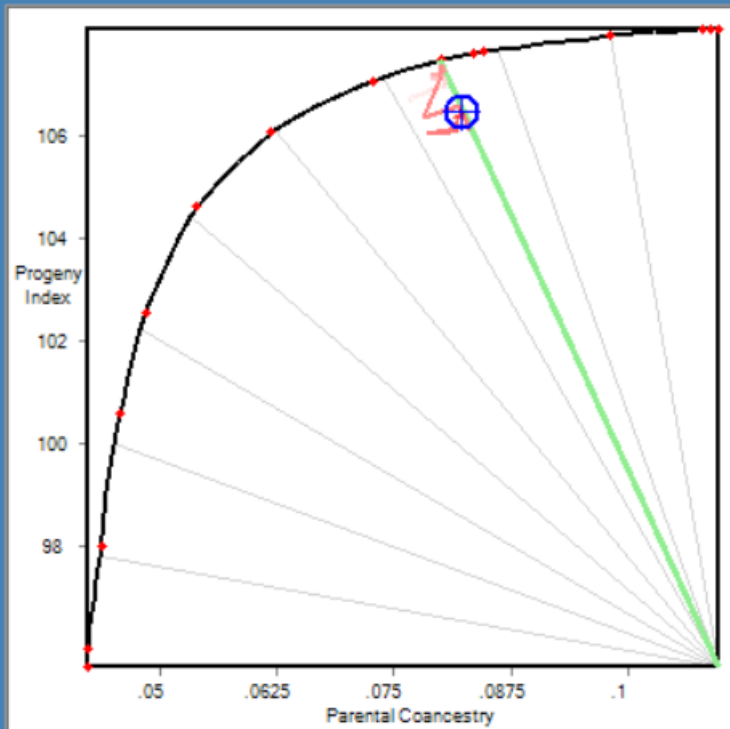
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

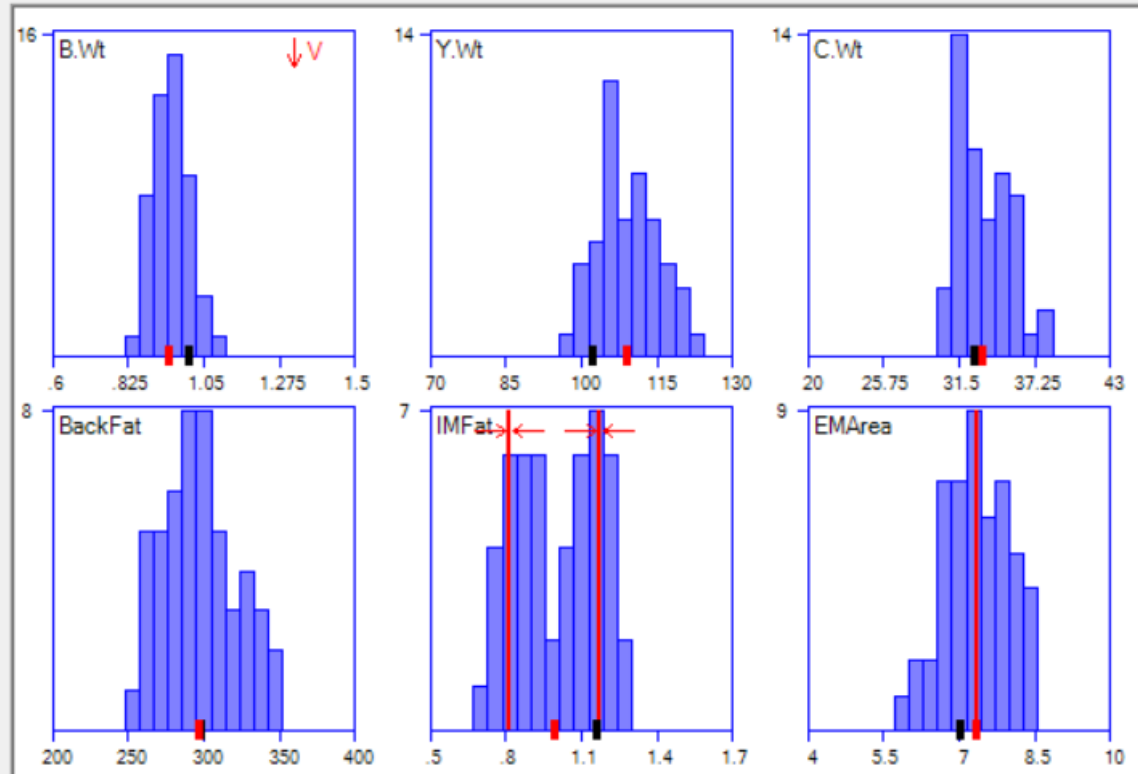
Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections



M2-22 Resume

Decrease mean

Invoke Weighting:

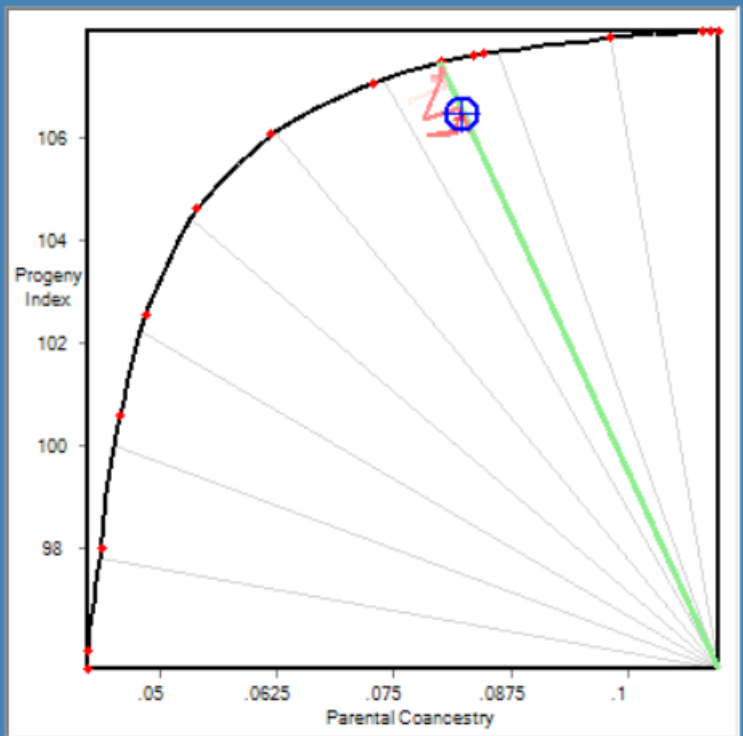
Balance strategy:

Max permissible coancestry:

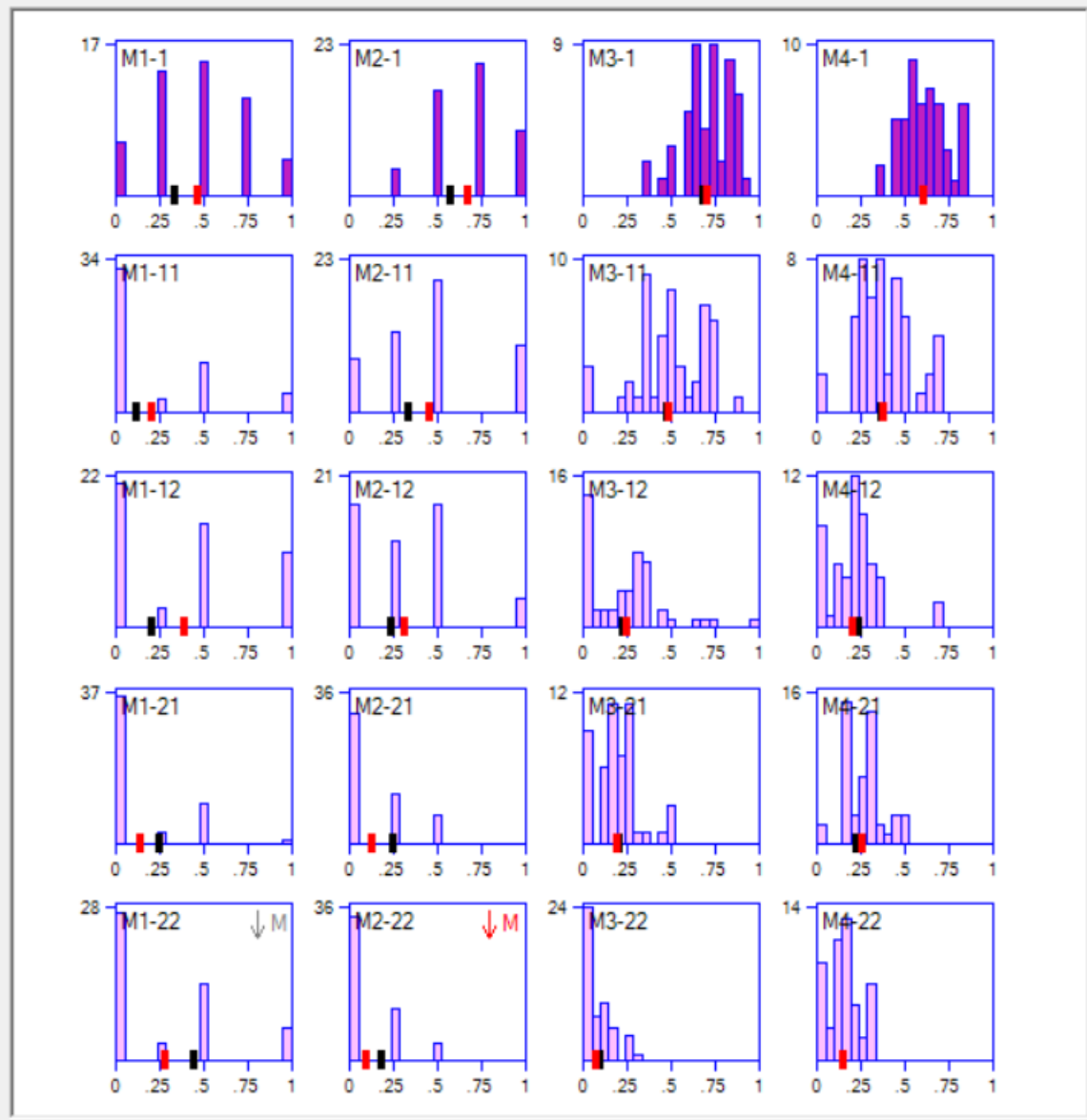
Target Degrees:

Weight on progeny F:

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management **Marker management** Mate selections





Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

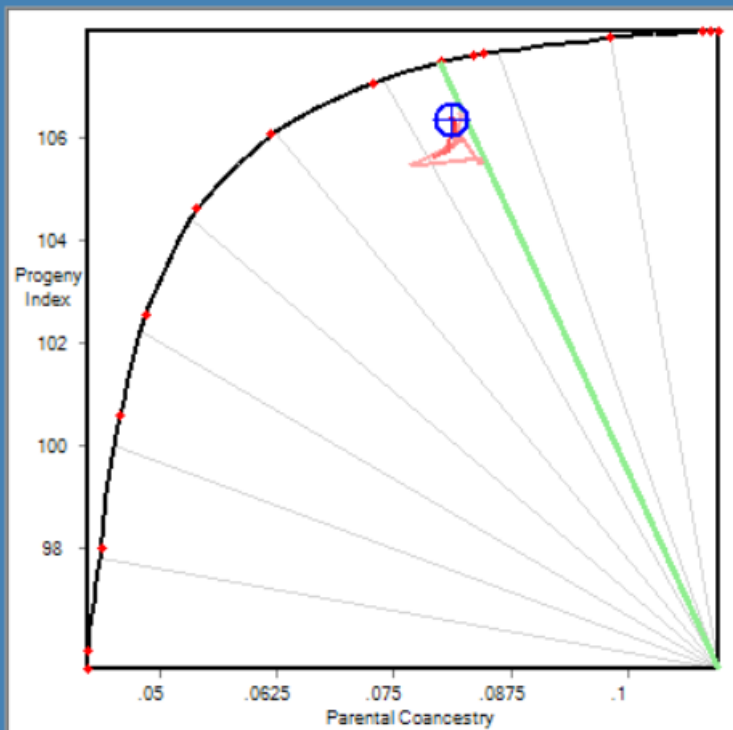
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

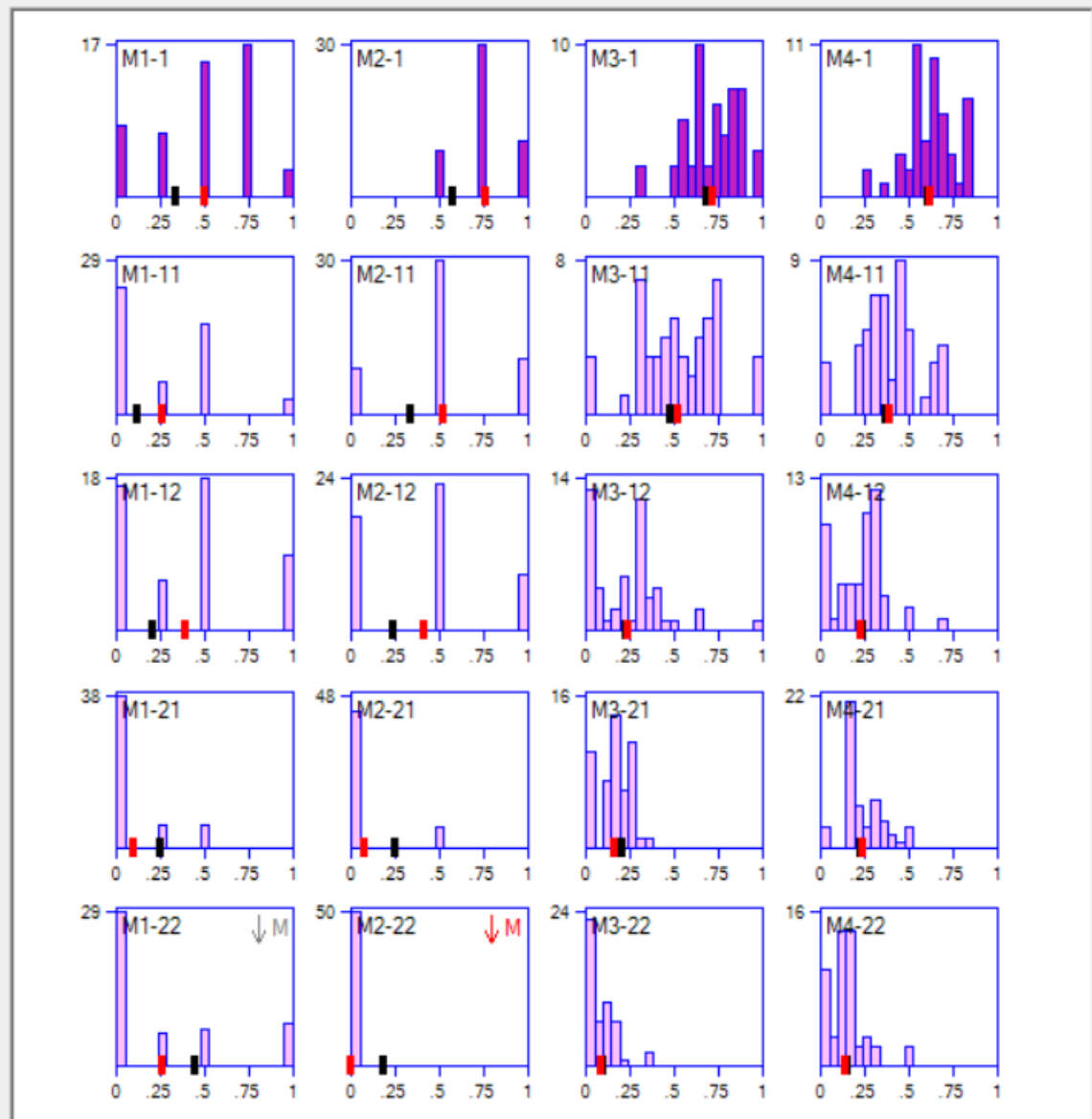
Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections



Mixed Mating Groups

Multi-sire joining
Multi-sire pastures
Sire syndicates

Preparing matched groups for later matings

Multipliers herds
Groups of AI sires

Mass spawning fish
Open pollination



Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

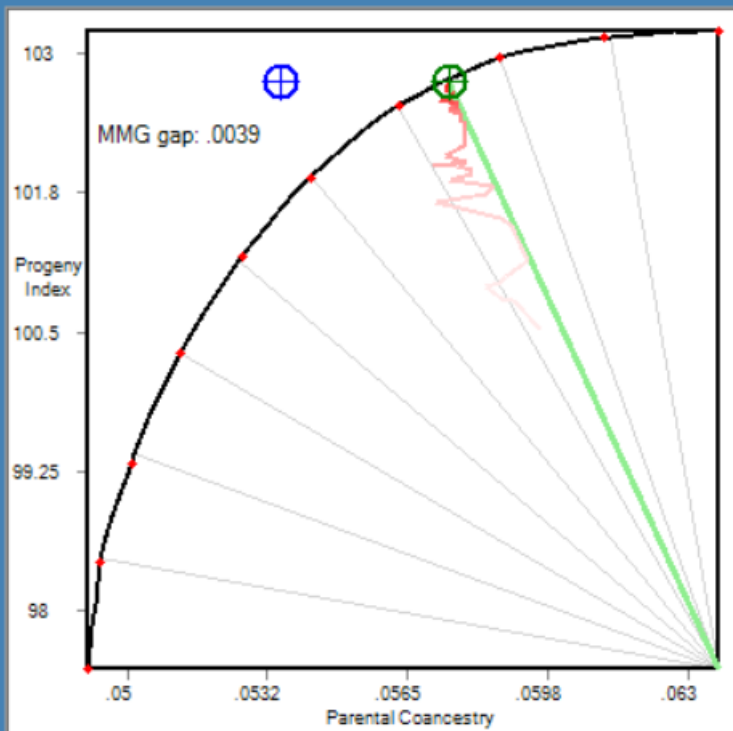
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections

Males in Mixed Mating Groups (OutMMGmales.txt)

MMG	Member	ID	Index	B.Wt	Y.Wt	C.Wt	
1	1	Magnus	110.620	0.883	103.533	31.142	28
1	2	Bodie	98.940	1.004	121.095	28.191	29
1	3	Darian	100.820	1.195	94.990	31.309	31
1	4	London	103.560	1.042	127.645	24.909	35
1	5	Wayne	114.660	0.759	114.855	33.022	27
1	6	Coen	103.940	1.138	98.092	43.446	25
Male group coancestry:			0.055739				
2	1	Dilan	105.920	1.207	102.975	26.722	32
2	2	Denver	102.880	1.100	106.622	32.052	31
2	3	Alexander	106.520	0.840	112.393	28.900	30
2	4	Frankie	105.020	1.191	89.308	34.641	35
2	5	Gordon	107.220	0.987	91.000	37.322	31
2	6	Eason	103.860	1.017	104.441	34.921	30
Male group coancestry:			0.093714				
3	1	Shaun	103.340	0.999	105.079	36.110	20
3	2	Kamryn	106.320	0.824	84.785	33.458	29
3	3	Abdullah	101.200	0.981	91.283	32.791	33
3	4	Mustafa	105.560	0.960	103.860	38.607	25
3	5	Yahya	103.320	0.825	105.050	34.311	25
Male group coancestry:			0.080038				

Thank you Alison!

Show male groups

Show female groups

Update



Direction Frontier Convergence Grouping

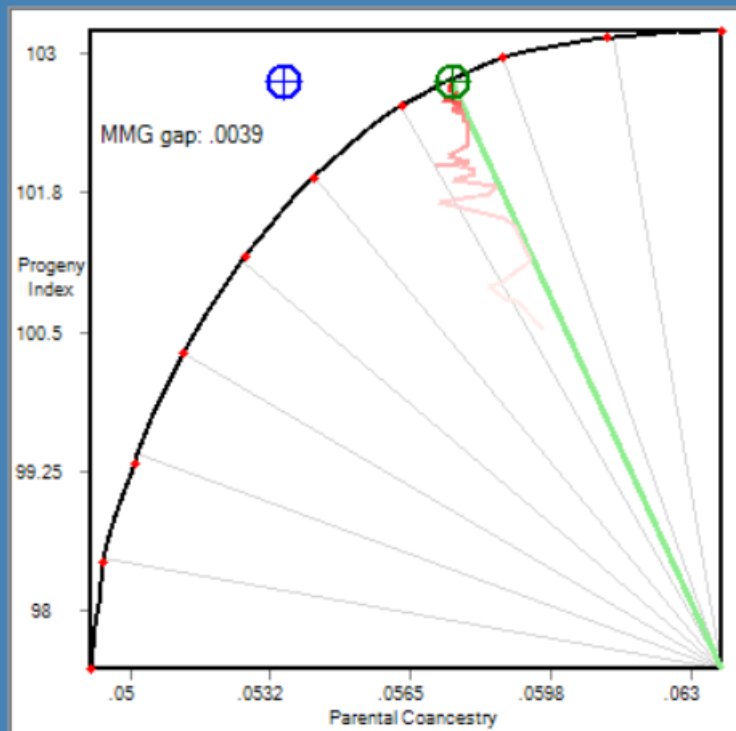
Balance strategy: 3. Hard constraint on Target Degrees

Max permissible coancestry: .0525

Target Degrees: 25

Weight on progeny F: 0

Run Update Pause Print Matings Stop Close



Console Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Trait management Marker management Mate selections

Females in Mixed Mating Groups (OutMMGfemales.txt)

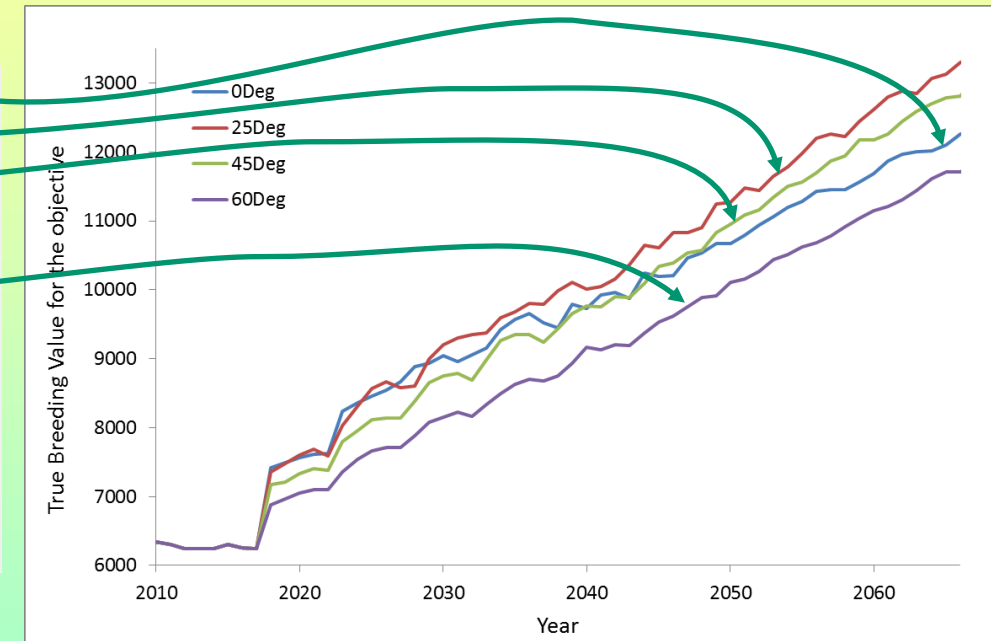
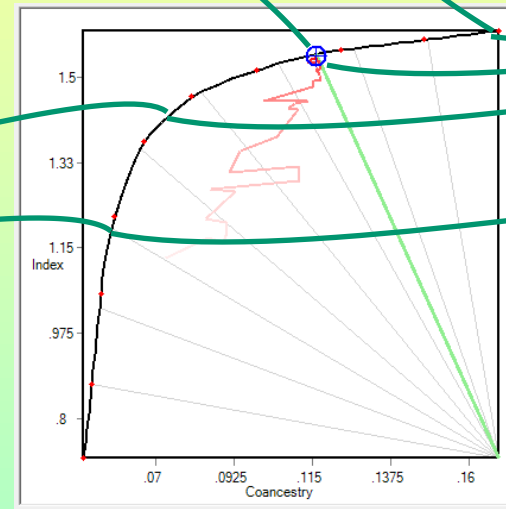
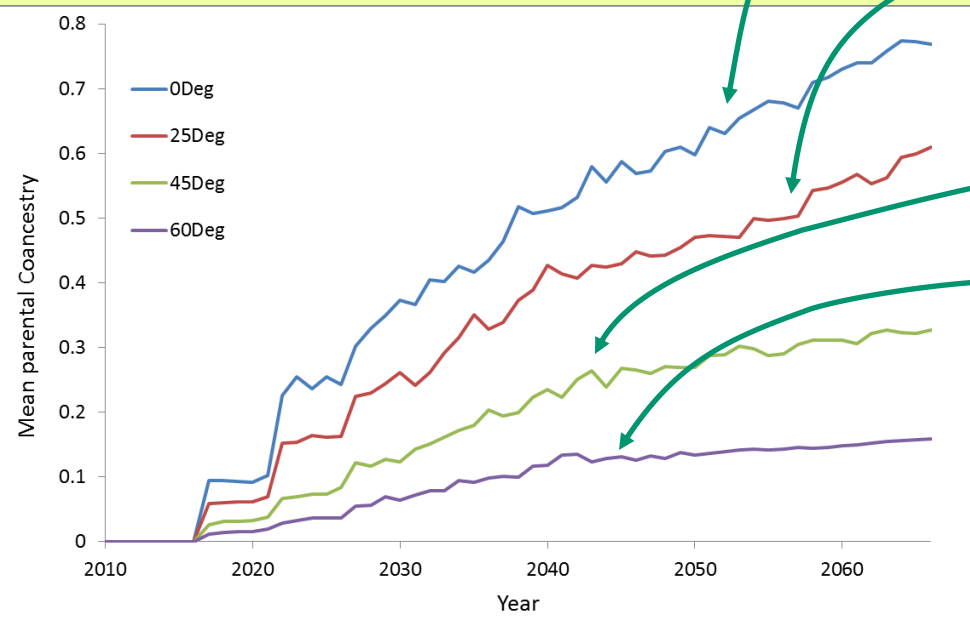
1	21	Carolyn	95.720	0.792	106.999	25.674
1	22	Simone	112.840	0.972	97.294	36.363
1	23	Jaylee	106.820	1.241	110.851	39.824
1	24	Estrella	99.320	0.948	91.881	31.830
1	25	Selene	103.960	0.987	112.662	34.859
1	26	Danica	100.960	0.648	114.126	28.596
1	27	Raylee	102.300	1.125	98.378	32.501
1	28	Kallie	91.420	1.081	117.757	28.799
1	29	Lina	99.200	0.946	99.768	37.894
1	30	Guadalupe	101.240	1.224	84.665	33.386
2	1	Clementine	100.940	1.026	116.926	34.066
2	2	Lyra	95.220	0.980	118.088	32.476
2	3	Nathalie	97.740	0.986	101.327	32.754
2	4	Sariyah	102.800	0.966	84.795	37.526
2	5	Clare	94.400	1.233	98.711	31.464
2	6	Nancy	98.700	1.117	112.061	26.677
2	7	Lilianna	102.480	0.796	92.551	30.491
2	8	Jaydene	99.280	1.181	112.666	31.355
2	9	Patricia	101.560	1.111	102.071	35.140
2	10	Chana	102.740	0.886	108.346	31.649
2	11	Audrina	99.220	1.354	99.384	33.835
2	12	Princess	105.640	1.236	107.615	40.559
2	13	Amaris	97.220	0.970	88.575	29.130
2	14	Claudia	89.120	1.359	98.954	32.655
2	15	Cara	101.400	0.925	99.345	41.788
2	16	Amia	106.800	1.380	119.975	35.651
2	17	Jessa	100.540	1.231	91.296	36.619
2	18	Jana	100.380	1.248	82.488	37.078
2	19	Zariyah	96.600	0.957	118.634	34.750
2	20	Aubrielle	96.520	1.037	109.264	28.520

Show male groups

Show female groups

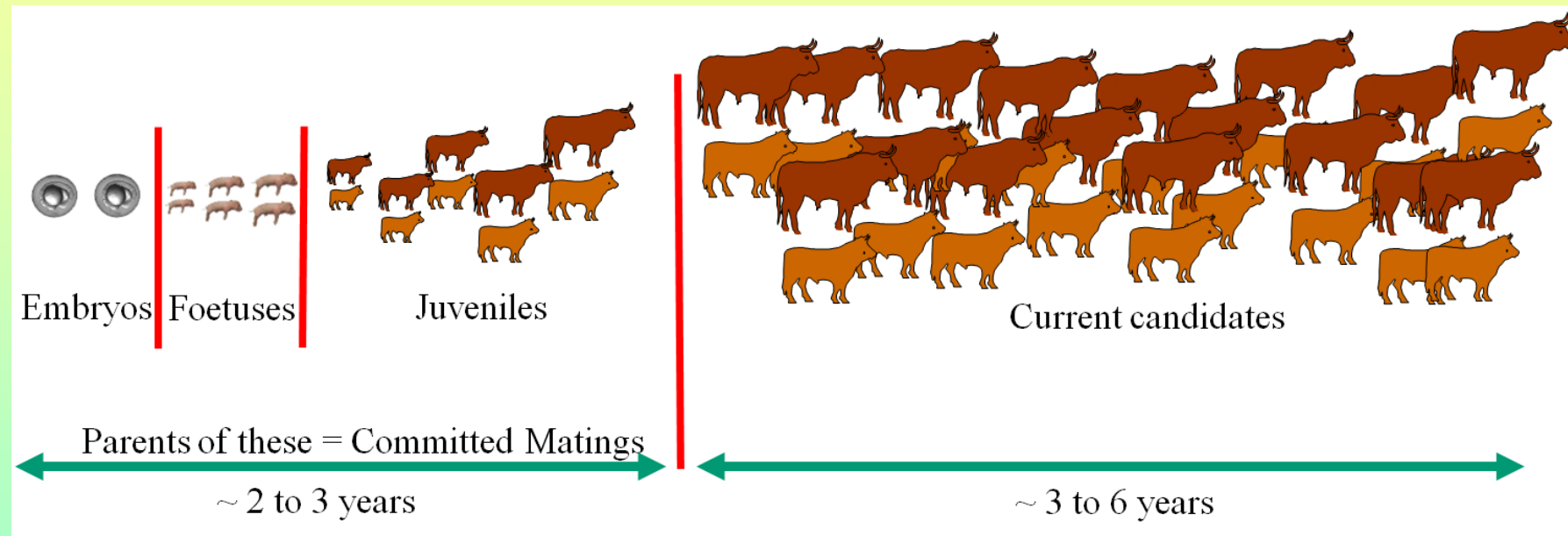
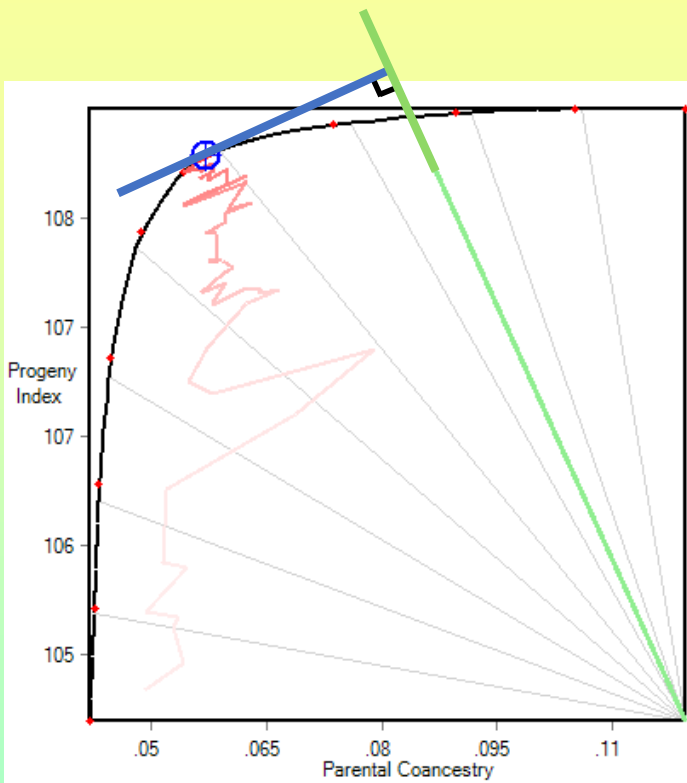
Update

Balancing long-term and short-term genetic gains



For a closed breeding program, 'pedal to the metal' is not best in the long run.

Fine control of diversity and inbreeding outcomes

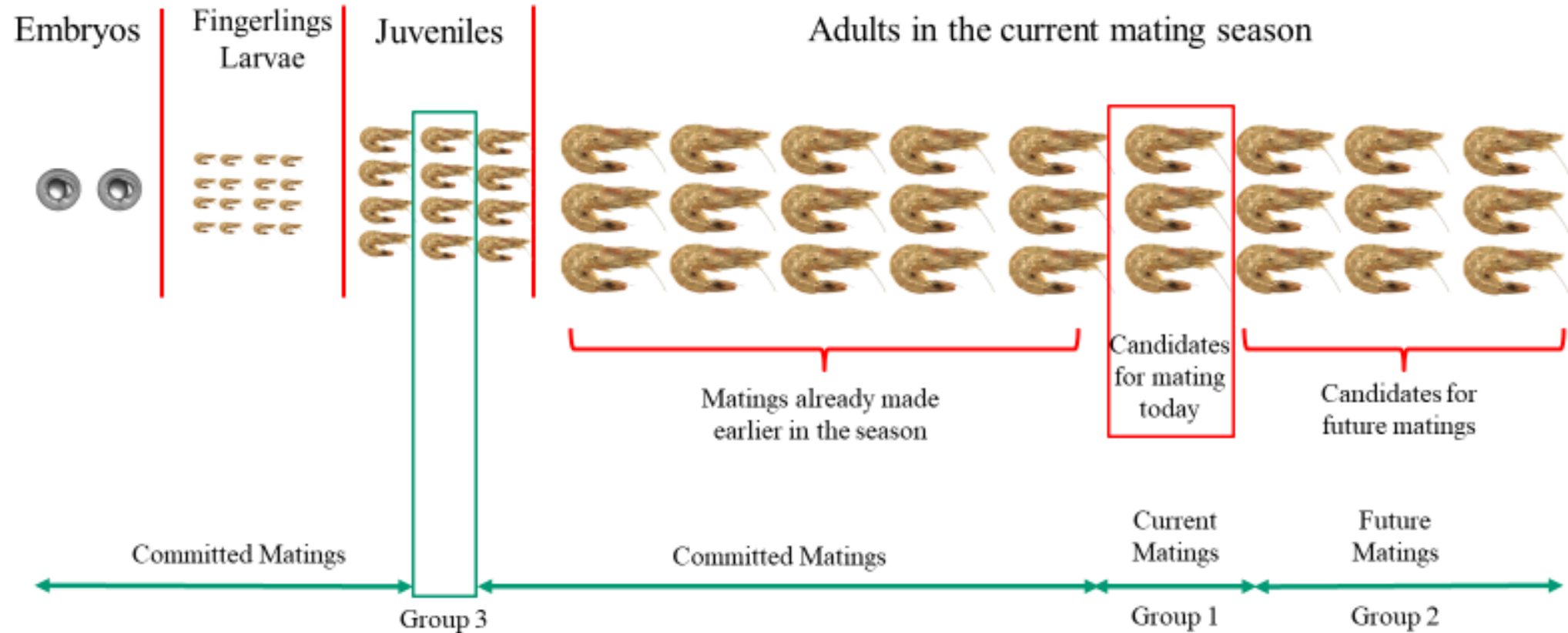


Exploiting prevailing opportunities

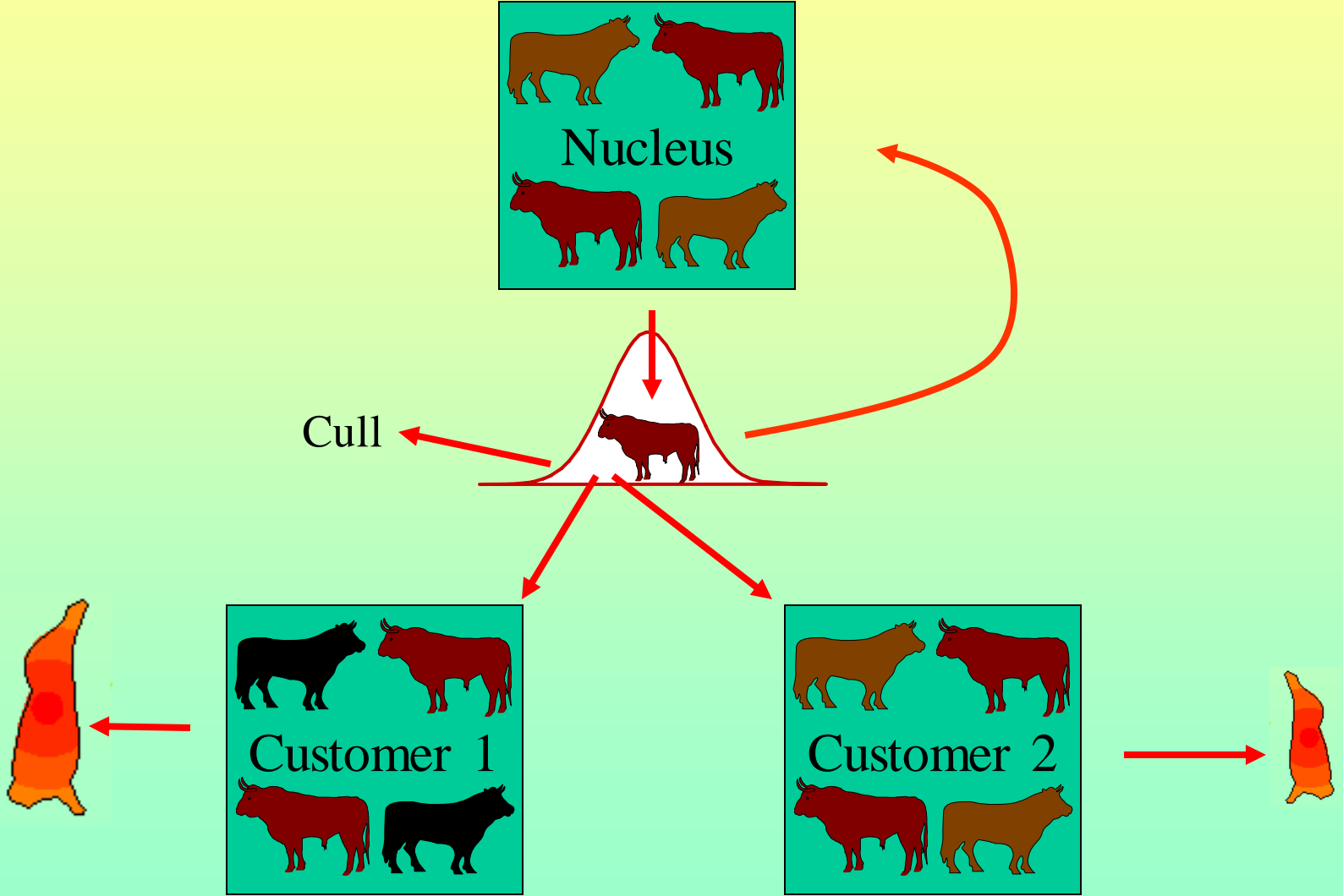
Managing the full life cycle. As explained [here](#).

Balance in use and costs of AI and IVF

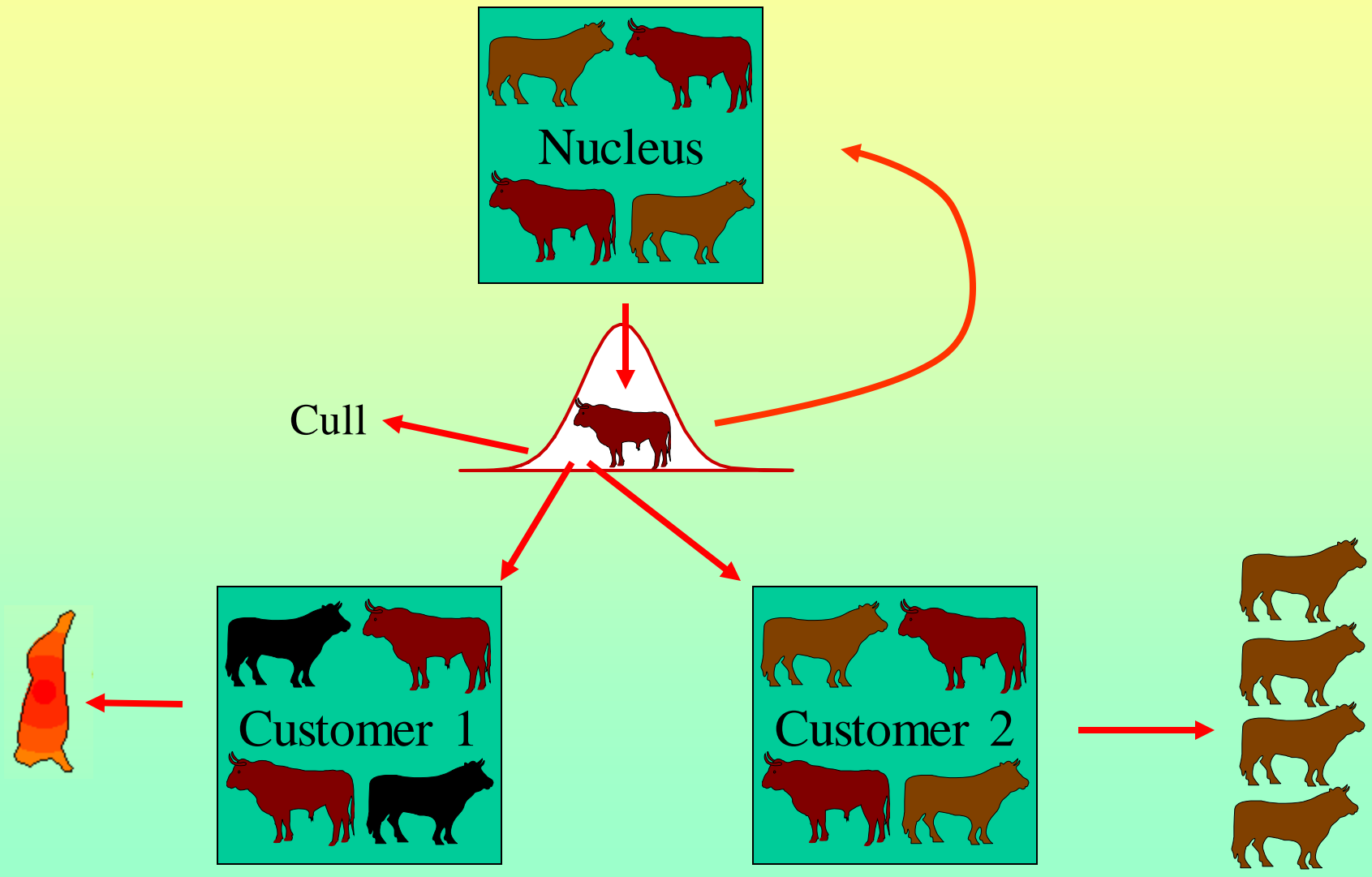
Prawns and Salmon and advanced beef, sheep, dairy ...



Multiple EndUses

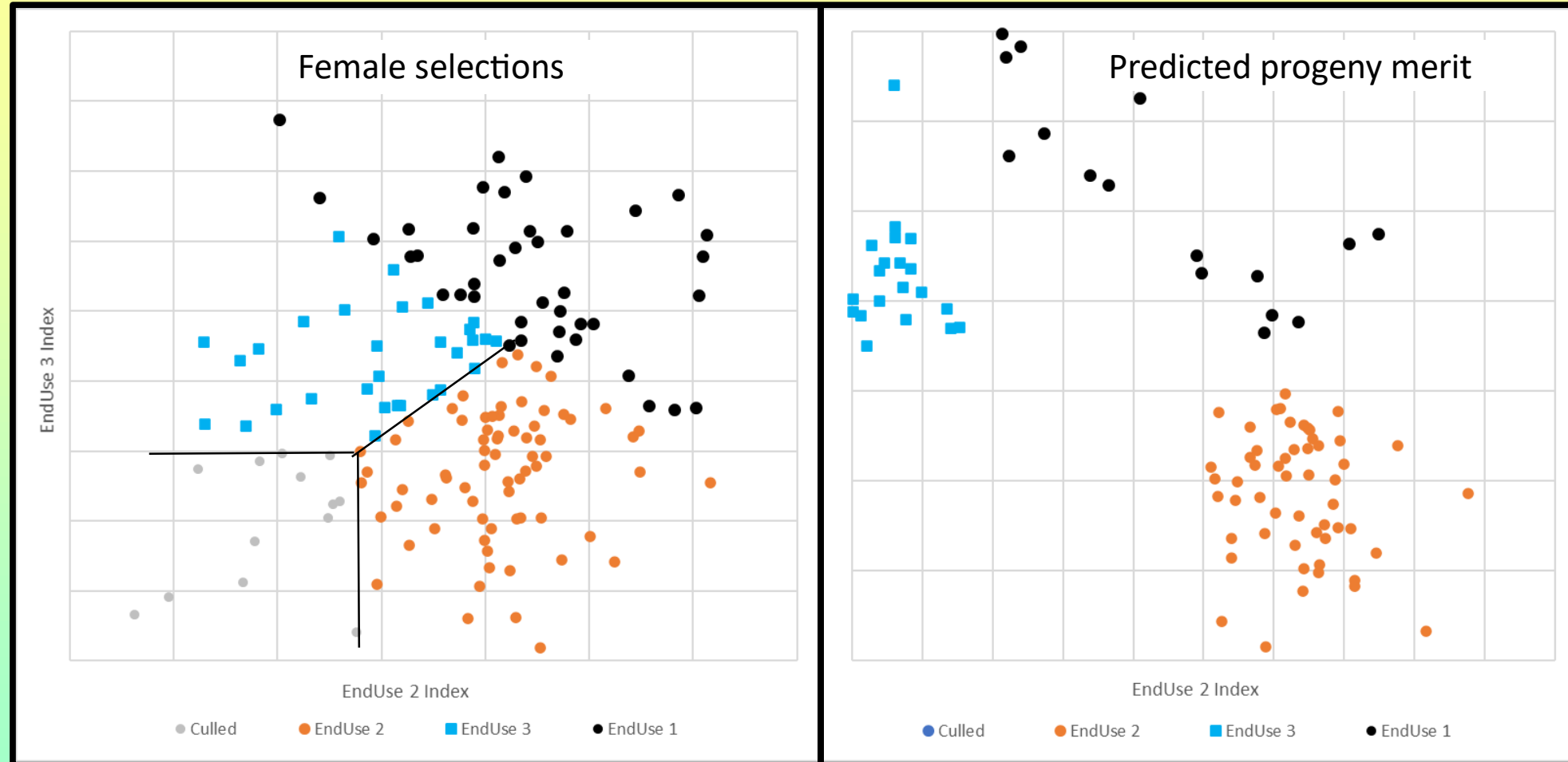


Multiple EndUses



Plus sexed semen decisions

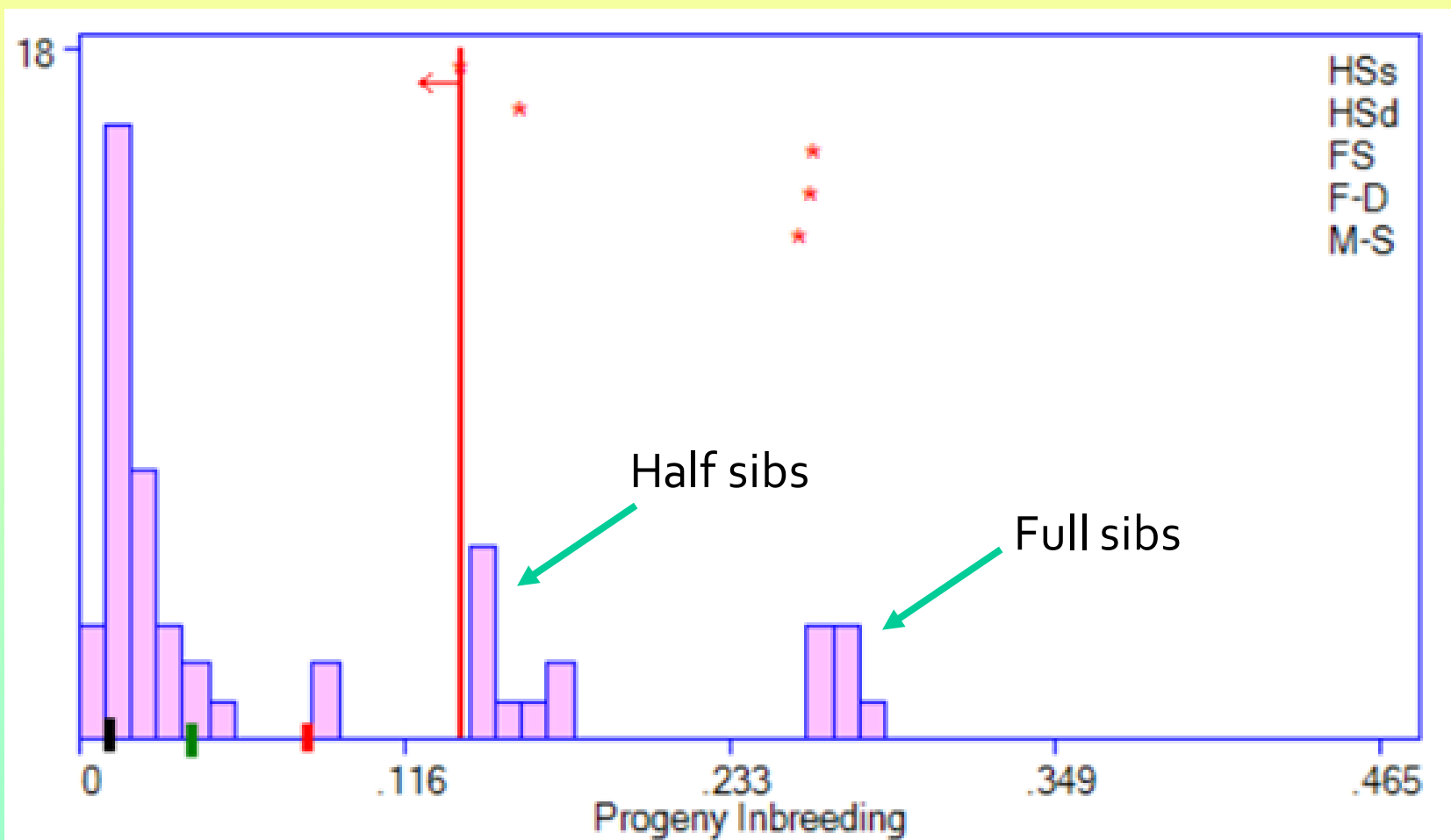
Targeting Multiple EndUses to cater for the varied needs of bull-buying clients



Female EPDs plotted for two client indices with EndUse 2 and 3 targeted matings in orange and blue.

Useful separation in resulting progeny merit. Example nucleus matings are black, as seen [here](#).
Thanks to ABS Global.

Managing distribution of Progeny Inbreeding

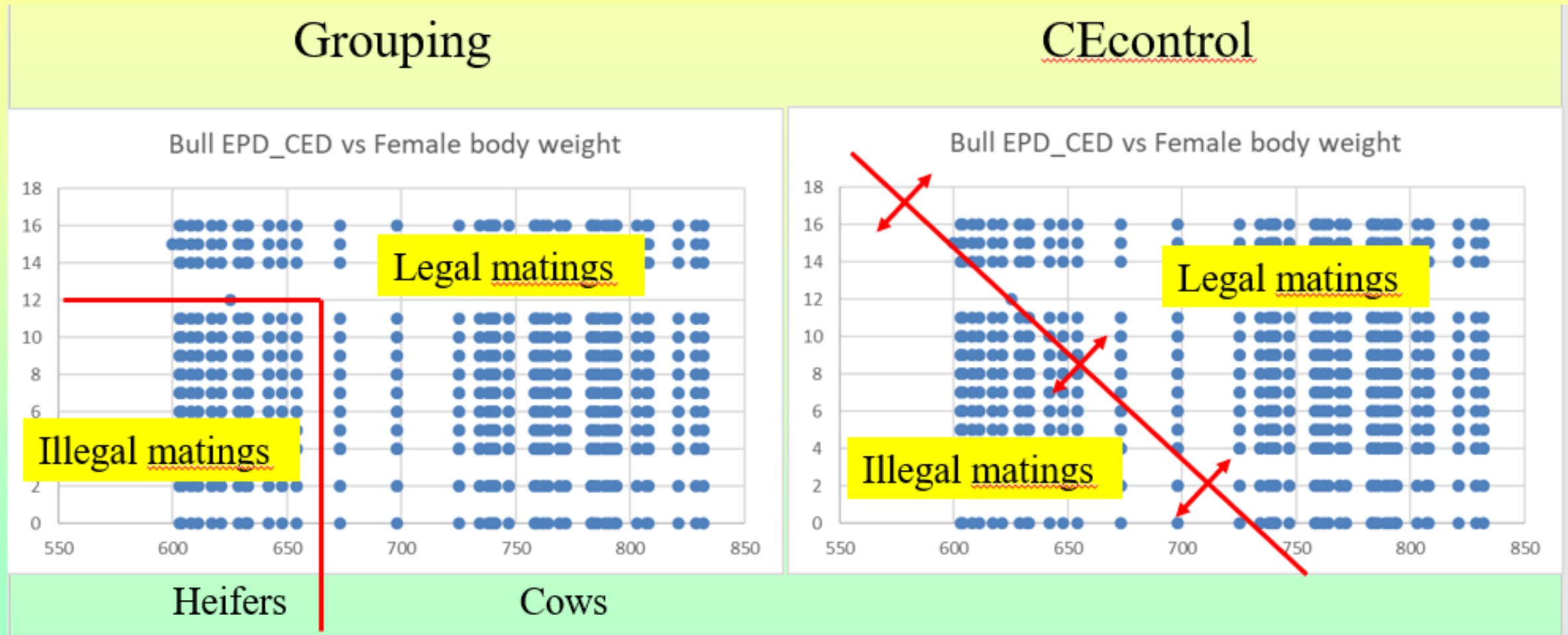


When the red line is invoked, HS and FS matings will be quickly eliminated!

This should **not** replace a general weighting against mean Progeny Inbreeding.

<https://doi.org/10.1093/jhered/esad027>

An efficient approach to using High Calving-Ease bulls



The conventional use of Grouping to allow heifers to be mated only by High CE bulls.

CEcontrol makes better use of the CE EPD resources available, as seen [here](#).

Other issues can be handled, e.g.:

- Management of **distribution of sires across herds**
 - sire referencing schemes
 - genomic reference populations
- Managing **backup sires**
- Creating harmonious **multi-sire mating syndicates**

Other issues can be handled, e.g.:

- Collective **management of multiple genetic markers** (recessive lethals, gene edits, QTL, etc) for both short-term and long-term objectives.
- Decisions on **generation and use of sexed semen** and embryos
- Genomic mate selection.

Bringing MateSel to Beef Breeders



- Why do we have **300 sheep breeders** using MateSel, but probably under **100 beef breeders**?
- ... the sheep breeders have a **system to extract the data**.
- The **breeders can operate independently**.
- We are now developing MSaaS (MateSel-as-a-Service) to make this available to other service providers:

MATESEL at Sheep Genetics

Select Dataset & Analysis

Dataset: MATESEL

Analysis: MATESEL EXERCISES

Create/Select Run

[Create New Run](#)

Run template must be selected

Select Run Parameters: 1

Choose Index: 2

Run name: 3

Custom Column: 4

[Create matesel run](#)

[Select Existing Run](#)

sheepgenetics.org.au/resources/matesel/



Service providers

Bringing MateSel to Beef Breeders



Breeders extracting data from their association database and configuring initial constraints

[Home](#) [Return to member portal](#) [MateSel Help](#) [Search](#) Sandy Kinghorn

New MateSel Run

1 Select Herds 2 Grouping Rules 3 Balance Strategy 4 Traits Review and Run

Please specify which male groups and female groups can be joined [Learn More](#)

	AI_Heifers	AI_Cows	Nat_Heifers	Nat_Cows
AI_Bulls	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed Target matings: <input type="text" value="100"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed Target matings: <input type="text" value="100"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed	<input type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed
Nat_Bulls	<input type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed	<input type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed Target matings: <input type="text" value="25"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Matings allowed Target matings: <input type="text" value="25"/>

[Back](#) [Next: Balance Strategy](#)

Bringing MateSel to Beef Breeders



Breeders reviewing their inputs before launching MateSel



[Home](#)

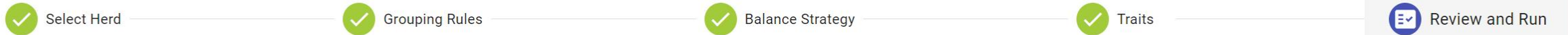
[Return to member portal](#)

[MateSel Help](#)

[Search](#)

[Sandy Kinghorn](#)

New MateSel Run



You need **250 matings** from **30 male candidates** and **300 female candidates** across **2 male groups** and **4 female groups**.

You are strongly favouring **Terminal \$Index** genetic gain over genetic diversity with **10 target degrees**. Your breed society recommends between **10 and 25 target degrees**.

You have placed the following additional trait constraints:

- **Carcass Eye Muscle** target progeny mean of 7.021 (Minimal emphasis)
- **Carcass Fat Depth** target progeny mean of 2.2 (Strong emphasis)

Please provide a short description for this run before launching:

June Joinings

[Back](#)

[Launch MateSel](#)

Bringing MateSel to Beef Breeders



MateSel running with the ability to change targets in real-time to test different directions

sheep GENETICS Home Return to member portal MateSel Help Search Sandy Kinghorn

MateSel Run: June Joinings

Pause Run Stop Run

Frontier Target Progress

Overall Progress **Traits** Markers Progeny Inbreeding Individual Coancestry Mating List Inputs

Click a trait histogram to set a constraint. [Learn More](#)

Diversity Gain
Target degrees: 15
[Update Goals](#)

11 B.Wt 11 Y.Wt 10 C.Wt
14 BackFat 6 IMFat 12 EMArea

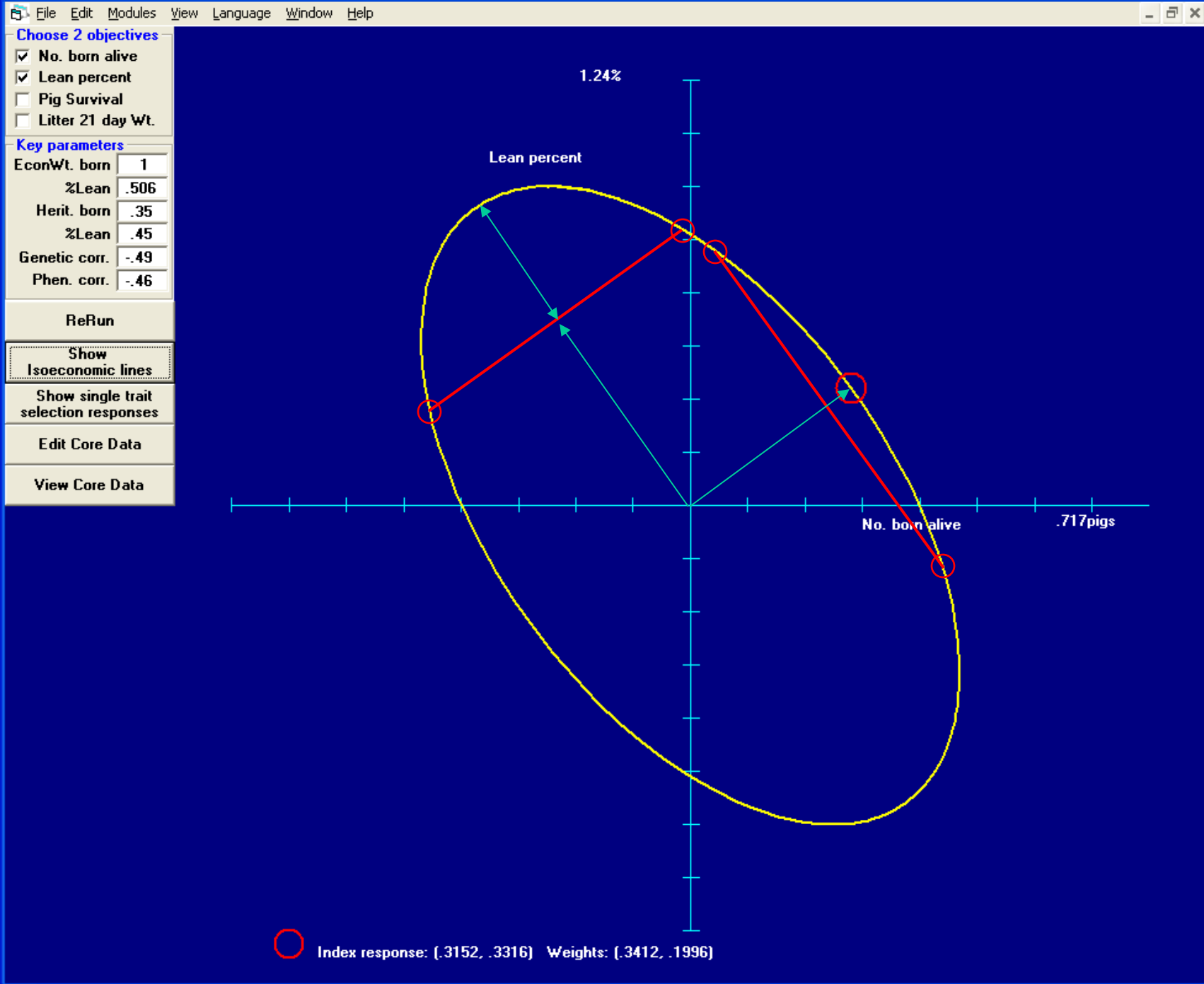
Conclusion: The wide value of Precision

- A system that brings ***precision*** in predicting the impact of your decisions ...
- ... can also bring ***power to discover*** a wide range of alternative directions.
- This gives more ***control and confidence*** in chosen directions.



The End

1913



Where to go

How to get back ?

Use a dummy individual to represent a large group

	George	Mildred	Gabrielle	Females in Region 6
George	1	0	0	0.012
Mildred	0	1.02	0	0.043
Gabrielle	0	0	1	0.131
Females in Region 6	0.012	0.043	0.131	1.09

Index	AbsMinuse	Maxuse	Trait1
104.32	11393	11393	3.26

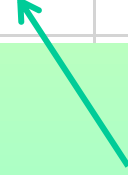
Females in Region 6



Or eg.
 "All sows in multiplier herd 4"
 "All 5 year old cows in Devon"
 "Bulls in syndicate mating group 2"

Average relationship between George and Females in Region 6

No pedigree available? See manual for a geneflow solution.



Or use Committed Matings



Bringing MateSel to Beef Breeders



- Which buttons to press
- Demonstrations
- Discussions around opportunities

Manual = 133 pages ... videos popular!

Video Series



The MateSel video series is hosted on YouTube. Click [here](#) or the YouTube logo to view the MateSel YouTube channel. An index of all videos can be found below.

Category: 1. Introduction

General Introduction	A quick introduction to how MateSel works and its core functions and features.
Overview and Demo Project Test Drive	Provides a walkthrough of a demo project that comes with MateSel.

Category: 2. Preparing your data files

Preparing your main data file	Comprehensive, except no detail on handling genetic markers.
Preparing Matesel.ini	Please also see Introduction to version 7.0.12.0 from about 6min, which shows the new format for Matesel.ini, including automatic upgrading.
Preparing InpOneGroup.txt	Setting constraints and other settings across all candidates. Includes basic discussion on what Groups are in MateSel.
Preparing InpGroups.txt - Standard Operations	Everything in this file up to the permission matrix, except for 'natural mating'. Example in beef cattle across US states.
Preparing InpGroups.txt - Advanced Operations	Features below the permission matrix in this file, plus 'natural mating'. Some discussion on method used for Grouping.

Category: 3. The MateSel user interface

Windows Desktop	Coming soon...
Web Browser	Coming soon...
Batch Versions	Coming soon...

Category: 4. The MateSel Frontier

Frontier fundamentals	Includes discussion of what parental coancestry is, and why relationships are important. Simple spreadsheet example. Desired outcomes discussion, including programs Desire and Diversity.
Where should I aim?	First, be sure to make a correct Frontier – by example. Your corporate position. Measuring and predicting inbreeding rate/diversity loss and its effect on long-term gains.
Working with Balance Strategies	First 4 mins is introduction – you could fast forward that. Walking through the different ways of balancing Progeny Index and Parental Coancestry, with discussion on what strategy might be most suitable.

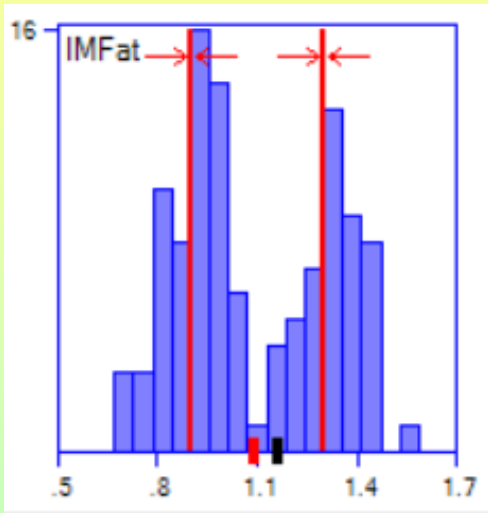
Category: 5. Managing Trait Distributions

Standard operations	What are these trait distributions? Worked example of using the different control types for manipulating traits.
Advanced operations	This includes a number of unusual tricks, eg showing distributions for sires and for dams, as well as for progeny. Also using dummy traits to manage ages, breed crossing, locations etc. Please also see Introduction to version 7.0.12.0 for the desired gains options when Committed Matings are being displayed, and also for some relevant updates to format of Matesel.ini.
Should I manage my traits?	Changing distribution means (responses), and shapes (eg variances). Managing genetic variation for individual traits, and planning for the splitting of breeding lines. Discussion on compromises caused by mating for desired trait distribution shapes.

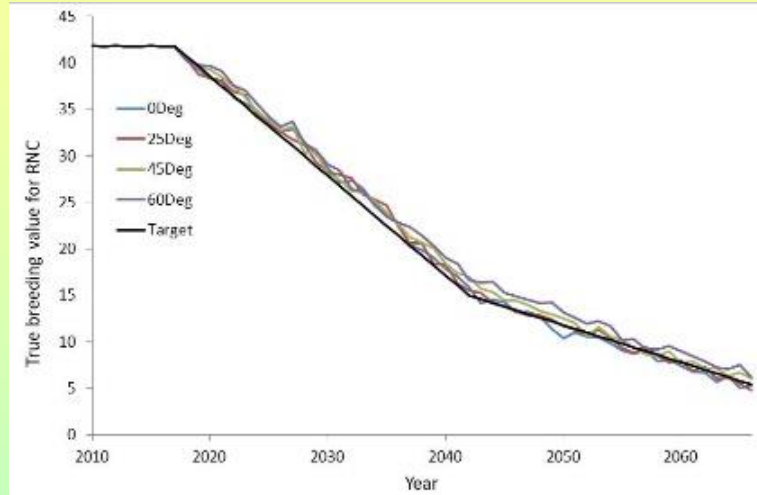
Category: 6. Genetic markers

Coding markers in the main data file	This video tells you how to enter genetic marker data into your dataset, so that you can manipulate these in MateSel.
Managing individual markers/QTL/Gene Edits	A guide to how marker information is displayed and how to use MateSel to manage allele and genotype distributions in the progeny.

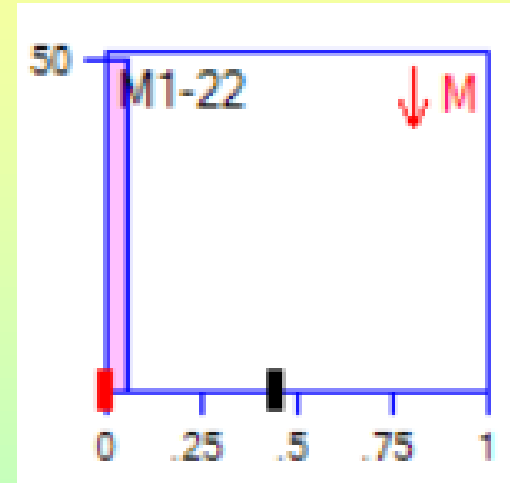
Fine control of trait and marker outcomes



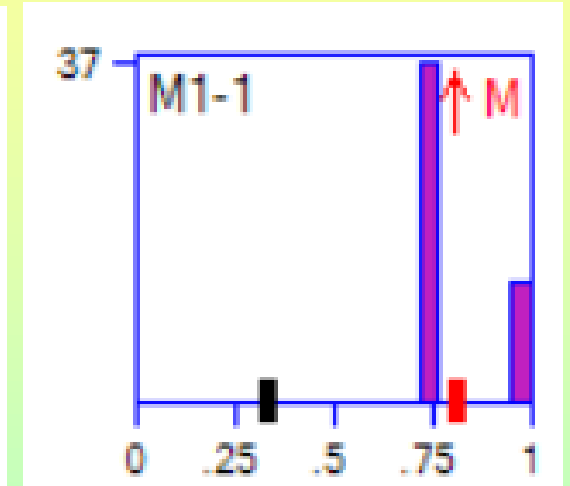
Bimodality in IMF to target two markets



Planned reduction in disease susceptibility



Decreasing expression of a genetic defect to zero



... while increasing the good allele frequency